The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXVIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1905. NO. 33

UNIFORMITY IN DIVORCE.

Acting under instructions from the latest session of the Pennsylvania legislature, Governor Pennypacker has sent out calls to a number of governors inviting them to name delegates to a national congress to discuss the reformation of our laws on divorce. Just what success will be attained in calling this congress, or the value of its deliberations, are matters of conjecture.

Efforts looking to a uniformity of divorce laws in this country have not been lacking. Hardly a national convocation of any recognized religious body in the last twenty years has failed to either pass resolutions on this big subject or thrash it out in vigorous discussion. An interdenominational gathering which convened two years ago took far-reaching strides in an effort to find some basis upon which all its members could oppose divorce, though with what ultimate or present success it is impossible to estimate.

The proposition for a federal divorce law has been broached at different times with rather indifferent results. The right of decreeing under what conditions marriages shall be dissolved has been vested in the individual states, and to date the latter have appeared to be too jealous of that right to permit assumption of sovereignty by the national government.

Without doubt, the present divergence in the laws of the various states is an unfortunate and deplorable factor in our social and moral fabric. Grounds on which separation, absolute and partial, is permitted differ radically and in most instances irreconcilably. In a few of the commonwealths they are so flimsy and absurd as to constitute judicial farces, while others maintain restrictions calculated to give prospective applicants considerable reason to pause before entering upon the decisive step. Several states deny validity of divorces granted by the tribunals of other states, thus opening the way for complications of an ugly and repellant nature. South Carolina is the only state in the union that provides absolutely no ground for divorce, and the mismated couple is compelled to seek other jurisdiction for real or fancied relief. It would be interesting to know to what extent this rigor has proven an actual preventive.

The very agitation against divorce is likely to promote good ends, though we doubt whether any specific solution of the problem can be devised. Human nature, both in its strength and frailties, is too keenly touched to justify hope of anything resembling heroic remedies. And it is to be questioned if such procedure is either desirable or expedient. But the discussion is rapidly emerging from the stage of fanaticism and unreason formerly employed by both camps of controversialists, and in the calm deliberation which Governor Pennypacker expects to bring about we may entertain strong hopes of improvement.

THE CLEAR ISSUE.

The Philadelphia Record declares the issue before the people of Pennsylvania to be "for graft" or "against graft," and continues thus:

The Democrats of Pennsylvania have now put it up to the members of all the other parties in Pennsylvania whether they desire to co-operate in a combined assault upon graft.

There are 400,000 Democratic votes that may be counted upon as sure to be cast for John Stewart to keep the Supreme Court of the state sweet, clean and free of reproach; to put an honest, God-fearing man in the control of the State Treasury and to help dig the grave of political corruption in the management of state and municipal affairs.

It is no time to act upon questions of Federal politics or to sit in judgment on the motives of men who ally themselves with the movement for civic sanitation.

"For graft" or "against graft" is the only issue.

Under the heading "Our State Neighbors," the Philadelphia Record, says: Former State Senator Heinle, of Bellefonte, was one of the prominent State visitors in Philadelphia. He says summer vacations are becoming quite as much the fashion among those who live in the towns of Central Pennsylvania as in Philadelphia, with this distinction—that the proportion of people in the smaller places who can afford to go fishing or to a summer resort is much larger than in the big cities. Ex-Senator Heinle thinks the purging of the assessors' lists in Philadelphia and the popular disgust with graft politics promise to make J. Lee Plummer's road to the State Treasureship a thorny one.

It is natural that the unicorn should have a unique horn.

Women follow suit more consistently in dress than in cards.

A decollete gown is generally all right, as far as it goes.

INCIDENTS OF 1873.

Local Items Taken from the Centre Reporter of Interest to 1905 Readers.

[*Note: The spelling of proper names is the same as found in the files of the Reporter.*]

SEPTEMBER 11—The reunion of the Normal School, which took place in the Lutheran church last Thursday evening, was a creditable affair. The following persons took part in the program:

Miss Mary E. Heston, Pleasant Gap; J. S. Lucas, Howard; Miss L. G. Barnhart, Roland; E. A. Boalich, Bellefonte; Miss Bella Barlow, Port Matilda; J. C. Harper, Centre Hall; Miss Laura L. Graham, Bellefonte; E. C. Wood, Bellefonte; J. H. Delong, Logansville; W. C. Heinle, Nittany Hall; J. W. Gunsallus, Howard; E. C. Hosterman, Centre Hill; J. C. Weaver, Bellefonte.

Benjamin Beaver, an old citizen of Haines township, after doing a day's plowing, retired in apparent good health. Next morning when his wife went to arouse him, she found that he was dead.

The corner stone of the new Evangelical church, near Wolfs Store, will be laid October 12.

SEPTEMBER 18—Last Friday the barn on the upper farm of Daniel Durst, about one and one-half miles west of Old Fort, was set on fire and burned to the ground. The farm was occupied by Adam Krumrine as tenant. About 900 bushels of wheat, 400 bushels of rye, 1200 bushels of oats, 600 bushels of shelled corn and 26 tons of hay were consumed, together with implements, gears, etc. The loss to Mr. Krumrine was about $2600, on which he had an insurance of $1600. Mr. Durst had an insurance of $1200. The fire was of incendiary origin. [The barn was that on the farm now owned by the Neff brothers, and occupied by Chas. R. Neff.]

Rev. J. K. Miller broke ground on the corner lot for a new building, the lower floor of which will be used for a drug store.

Israel Grenoble, recorder of Centre county, moved from Bellefonte to Spring Mills, with the intention of opening a store at that place. S. T. Shugert will take charge of the recorder's office until the expiration of Mr. Grenoble's term.

Thomas Yearick is putting up a new store room in Aaronsburg, and will soon launch his bark again on the mercantile sea.

OCTOBER 16—A horse belonging to George Swabb, of Linden Hall, fell into a well, rear end foremost, and when discovered was in a sitting posture at the bottom of the well, twenty-four feet deep. The animal was extricated by means of ropes, pulleys, etc., and was little injured.

Jack Hosterman began the collection of toll on the pike west of Aaronsburg.

NOVEMBER 6—A seven-year-old boy, son of William Horner, of near Centre Hall, while eating an apple received a cut in the gum from a piece of one of the hard cells of the core, and although the wound seemed trifling blood flowed freely for several days, and finally caused the lad's death. Everything possible was done by the attending physicians, but the flow of blood could not be checked.

The farm of John Dinges, deceased, near Millheim, containing 112 acres, was sold to Jacob Dinges, of Centre Hall, at $81 per acre.

The old clover mill property in North Millheim was sold to E. C. Campbell for $1,155. Mr. Campbell proposes to turn it into a grist mill.

NOVEMBER 27—H. D. Van Pelt & Company have sold their interest in the Centre Hall foundry to E. G. Van Pelt and William P. Shoop.

John Zeigler, living a short distance below Aaronsburg, refused an offer of $150 per acre for his farm.

DECEMBER 4—S. S. Wolf bought out the mercantile firm of Harlacher & Cronmiller, in this place, and will take possession immediately.

While ex-Sheriff Conley was driving in a buggy on the road to Jacksonville, a fine deer sprang over the fence just before him and fell by the side of the road. Mr. Conley sprang for the deer, and while his dog held the animal, he cut its throat. The deer weighed 140 pounds.

Wednesday of last week there were sixteen deer at Milroy station ready for shipment. All had been killed in the Seven Mountains.

DECEMBER 18—At a recent term of court Calvin M. Bower was admitted to practice.

Married—September 11, Jacob W. Hazell and Miss Emma A. Shaffer, both of Madisonburg . . . September 30, Samuel Grove, of Boalsburg, and Miss Maggie M. Rossman, of Churchville . . . September 30, G. B. Campbell, of Pine Grove Mills, and Miss Annie M. Potter, of Linden Hall . . . September 24, Capt. Michael Runkle and Mrs. Anna Shrock, both of Bellefonte . . . October 1, William Derr and Miss Clara Willow, both of Millheim . . . October 30, J. C. Dale, of Woodland, Clearfield county, and Miss Kate Hoffer, of Centre Hall . . . October 9, Joseph Grossman and Miss Emma Stephenson, both of Potter township . . . July 29, C. B. Leitzell, of Penn Hall, and Miss Annie S. Allen, of Boalsburg . . . November 16, John M. Kimport and Miss Emma J. Bollinger, both of Penn township. . . . November 20, William Calvin Meyer and Miss Sarah Adaline Krumrine, of near Agricultural College . . . December 27, F. W. Miller and Miss Lara Carner, all of Hublersburg . . . December 25, Martin Hogan and Miss Lizzie Weaver, both of Old Fort . . . December 25, Wm. H. Meyers and Miss Hulda Lee, both of Centre county . . . December 23, T. Wilson Way and Miss Annie M. Sellers, both of Half Moon township . . . December 23, Samuel G. Clark, of Lycoming county, and Miss Clara Foot, of Millheim . . . December 25, John A. Henneigh and Miss Annie M. Lytle, both of Potter township . . . December 29, William C. Noll and Miss Maria E. Hoover, both of Madisonburg.

(Continued on next column.)

ODD FELLOWS REUNION

On Grange Park Largely Attended—Scheduled Speakers on Hand and Speak Instructively and Entertainingly.

The reunion of Odd Fellows of Centre County, held on Grange Park, Thursday of last week, was largely attended by members of that order, their families and friends. The day was an ideal one from beginning to end.

The time was spent in a social way when the exercises in the auditorium were not in progress. The main features of the day were addresses by the speakers previously announced—Rev. Miles O. Noll, of Carlisle; J. C. Meyer, Esq., Grand Marshall of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania; J. K. Johnson, Esq., Bellefonte; Laird Holmes, State College; Mrs. Tillie G. Haines, Altoona, Treasurer, of State Grand Lodge of Rebekahs.

The refreshments were furnished by the local Rebekah lodge, and in no way did the hungry suffer. It is needless to say that the exchequer of that order handsomely profited by the day's work.

William Kuhn, of Bellefonte, was master of ceremonies, and performed his part well, making appropriate and timely remarks, when occasion demanded it.

"Digging" the Officials.

The Reporter is frequently asked to "give the officials of the town a dig," for this, that or the other thing. The columns of the Reporter will bear out the assertion that this paper has refrained from doing such things. It does not believe in "giving digs," but in cleaning up matters in complete style, when it does tackle defects. Don't ask the Reporter to give digs, give them yourself, through some other channel than this paper if you want any one "digged."

Snyder's Peach Crop.

Snyder county's peach crop, this year, is estimated at from 300,000 to 350,000 baskets, of which John F. Boyer, of Kreamer, will furnish at least 30,000 baskets.

To Yellowstone Park, Etc.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged a special personally-conducted tour to visit the Pacific Coast, including the Yellowstone Park, Portland (for the Lewis and Clark Exposition), and the beautiful resorts among the Colorado Rockies. This tour will leave New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and other cities on the Pennsylvania Railroad Saturday, September 2, by a special train of high-grade Pullman equipment. The itinerary will cover a period of three weeks, the party reaching the East on the homeward journey September 22. The special train will be used by the party over the entire route, except during the five and one-half days in the Yellowstone Park, when the fine hotels now in service in the Great Preserve will be utilized. The train will be side-tracked in Portland for occupancy there, and all meals en route, except in the Yellowstone Park and in Denver, will be served in the special dining car.

Round-trip tickets, covering all necessary expenses for twenty-one days, $200 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad except Pittsburgh, from which the rate will be $195.

For itineraries and further information apply to ticket agents; C. Studds, Eastern Passenger Agent, 263 Fifth Avenue, New York; Hugh Hasson, Jr., Passenger Agent Baltimore District, Baltimore, Md.; B. M. Newbold, Passenger Agent Southeastern District, Washington, D. C.; Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburgh, Pa.; or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.

[Continued from Previous Column.]

THE STORY OF OUR REGIMENT.

The Centre Reporter has received with the compliments of the Regimental Association a copy of the History of the 148th Regt. P. V., written by themselves.

The book is well named for it is distinctly a history of the regiment. It is a remarkable book and should be owned by every family in the county.

There were seven companies of this regiment from this county and not only was every township and borough in the county represented, but nearly every family in the county had relatives in some degree in it. Company A came entirely from Miles township. Think of it, a hundred of as fine men as ever lived, all young, were recruited in three days from this township. No family in the township remained without its representatives in the company. The Wolfs, Meyers and Moyers, Burkets, Bierleys, Cormans and Lameys had many representatives in the company.

But to the book. It opens with the Citizens Story by Hon. H. N. McAllister, giving the efforts made by him and others to have Centre county fill her quota of the call for 600,000 men. This is followed by the Sisters Story by Mrs. Sophia Keller Hall, and while this story covers the enlistment and departure of the men who, later, became Co. G of the regiment, it needs little imagination to realize that practically the same events occurred in the leaving of every other company of the regiment. It is a beautiful story and recalls to perfection, the heartaches every mother and sister bore and suffered in offering their sons and brothers a sacrifice on the altar of their country.

Then comes the story of the General Officers, of whose commands the 148th formed a part. The story of the Colonel in four parts. This in turn is followed by the Chaplains Story, the Surgeons Story. The Ambulance Officers Story by Rev. John H. Harpster, D. D., is both rich and racy. Then comes the Adjutants Story by J. W. Muffly, who also contributed a chapter on Po River and Spotsylvania. The Prisoners Story by Col. Geo. A. Bayard, T. P. Meyer, and others, gives the inside of the sufferings, sacrifices and endurances of the men who were in rebel prisons. The book contains a full history of each company written by men who lived the history, they write. These chapters overflow with anecdotes, deeds of heroism, sacrifices and endurances which can only be fully appreciated when read.

There is also a Hospital Story, the One Armed Mans Story, and a regular camp fire in eight parts by surviving comrades. This is a very brief outline of that which is contained in the history.

The book also contains a complete roster of each company in the regiment as originally enlisted as well as all recruits, also a roster of all killed in battle and of the wounded and prisoners, and those who died during and since the war, and last of all a list of survivors, so far as known, with their post office addresses.

The book is well illustrated with group pictures of comrades and of the commanders of the Army of the Potomac, the division and brigade commanders and full page pictures of Governor Curtin and others connected with raising the regiment. This adds much to the interest and value of the book.

From beginning to end the book teems with incidents of army life, its fun, pleasures and pastimes, dangers and vicissitudes, with deeds of unparalleled heroism, unselfish devotion to duty, and of suffering and sacrifice. No one can realize nor can they conceive one tithe of what these men did and of what they actually went through and endured, as a unit of a great army, to preserve and perpetuate our great and beloved Union.

A word to the good people of Centre county and especially to the people of Penns and Brush Valleys from which came almost three entire companies, to wit, A, D, G, and parts of C and F:

You should have this history. The association has on hand about 800 copies. The book sells for $2.50 and carriage about 10 cents, making the actual cost $2.60. It contains 1100 pages, has a complete record of every man who was a member of the regiment, your sons, fathers and husbands. The association needs to make sale of the books on hand to meet the obligations incurred in the printing. Help them in this.

The time is coming when there will be organizations of the sons and daughters of the great Civil War, just as there are now Sons and Daughters of the Revolution. The records in this book is the card that will give you or your children admission to them and similar organizations. Its value is the years to come will increase. The association cannot afford to hire agents to canvass for its sale. Books can be had from Capt. Geo. M. Boal, Centre Hall, Pa., and D. F. Fortney, Esq., Bellefonte, Pa.

WHAT THE COMMUNITY OWES THE GRANGE.

The Grange has probably done more to bring Centre Hall to public notice than all other influences combined. Through the Grange Encampment Ceptre Hall has become known in every town, hamlet and village in the state. Its beautiful streets and ideal homes are spoken of everywhere one goes. The Encampment annually brings hundreds and thousands of peo to Centre Hall, among them governors, U. S. senators, noted farmers, preachers and people who would possibly never have known of this beautiful town and lovely valley among the mountains.

Not only have the farmers cause to be proud of the achievements of the Grange in Centre county, but the people of Centre Hall as well. The Grange has not only established a grand encampment and an ideal fair, but all the improvements made by the Grange are of an ideal character and would be a credit to any city or town. The arrangement of the Grange camp is such as to appeal to the admiration of all visitors as being picturesque and lovely.

Grange Arcadia is all that its name implies, a lovely home, a building beautiful in its architectural construction, and just such a public hall as few towns possess. How all this has been brought about, without money to start with, is a mystery to every inquiring mind, even to the members of the Grange themselves. It appears like an inspiration.

While the Grange has brought about all these achievements for the good and the credit of the community, does not the community owe something to the Grange? Should not the people in general and business men in particular do something to encourage the Grange Encampment and Fair, right at their doors? Many have done nobly and their support is much appreciated by the managers, but how much greater and how much more interesting would the Encampment and Exhibition be if all the business men in Centre Hall would join in filling up the grounds and buildings. The managers would be glad to make any reasonable arrangement for their accommodation. There is now some space left in the buildings, yet more than half of the space in every building is already taken. In a few weeks, at the present rate of application, every foot of space will be engaged.

The farmer who is or is not a member of the Grange, the laborer, the citizen no matter what his occupation is, should support the Encampment and Exhibition. He can do so by camping on the grounds. The expense of such an outing is within the means of every one, and no more delightful place to spend a week can anywhere be found.

LOCALS.

There will be a short apple crop this year. This is in the nature of a national calamity from the standpoint of those who think a good apple is the "best thing ever."

E. L. Auman, the Millheim miller, was in town one day last week. He was making a tour through the valley in quest of wheat, his mill having such a large capacity that to keep it running he is obliged to buy more grain than comes to market in the regular channel.

There is nothing like occasional moisture and plenty of hot weather to make the corn grow. A Kansas paper tells of a farmer's boy who climbed up a stalk of corn to see how the ear was progressing, "and now," says the paper, "the stalk is growing up faster than the boy can climb down."

Reduced Rates to Grangers' Picnic at Williams Grove, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the Thirty-second Annual Inter-State Grange Picnic Exhibition, to be held at Williams Grove, Pa., August 28 to September 2, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from August 23 to September 2, inclusive, good to return until September 6, inclusive, at reduced rates, from all stations on its lines in the State of Pennsylvania, and from Baltimore, Frederick, and intermediate stations on the Northern Central Railway.

There will be an elaborate display of farm machinery in actual operation during the exhibition, and addresses will be delivered by well-known agricultural speakers.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket agents.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

The nights, mornings and evenings are quite cool.

Mrs. Aaron Long, of near Penns Cave, was a caller the other day.

Ralph Lee, of Milton, is visiting his sister, Mrs. James C. Goodhart, near Centre Hill.

The borough schools will open Monday, 28th instant. The High School promises to be larger than at any previous time.

Mrs. George O. Benner, of Centre Hall, attended the Williams family reunion, held Saturday, near the home of her parents, at Martha.

Butter and eggs have been keeping well up in price the past six months. Consult the Howard Creamery Company if you have anything to sell in which they deal.

The Centre Hall hotel is gaining a reputation as a summer boarding place. There are few hotels better equipped and give better service to all customers than does the hostelry of Mr. Runkle.

A number of married people and their families held their annual picnic east of Centre Hall, Saturday. This event is looked forward to with more than ordinary interest by the families who participate.

E. M. Gann, representing the contract department of the Pennsylvania Telephone Company, Harrisburg, was in town last week in the interest of his company. He is a hustler and is sparring for business.

Mr. and Mrs. Elory Spade, of Bellevue, Ohio, and their two children, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Luse, west of Centre Hall. Mr. Spade is a blacksmith and is doing a fine business in that thriving town.

Miss Margaret Moore, of State College, an operator in the Commercial telephone exchange, in that place, was the guest of Miss Bertha McCormick, an operator in Centre Hall, Thursday and Friday of last week.

The Hecla base ball nine failed to turn up at Centre Hall, last Thursday, nor did they so much as notify the Centre Hall team of their inability to do so, until called up on the telephone by the latter, an hour before the time for the game to begin. "Ain't it a shame!"

Rev. G. W. McIlnay expects to spend Sunday at the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting, Ocean Grove, N. J. He will return, however, early in the week and will then go to his wife's home, for a few days, where Mrs. McIlnay and little daughter are now visiting. The pulpits of the M. E. congregations will be vacant two Sabbaths.

C. M. Fry and wife, of Pine Grove Mills, recently left for an extended trip West. Their first stop will be with his brother-in-law, Asher Sankey, in the Sunflower State. Their next objective point will be the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland, after which they will visit other points of interest in the far West.

The surrounding country was well represented in Centre Hall Saturday evening. The turnouts were up to style, and represented anything but the typical vehicle of a quarter of a century ago. "The poor farmer" expression is becoming a joke. And his sons and daughters are no longer distinguishable from the best class of people, no matter from what standpoint they are judged.

Mrs. John D. Snyder and her son Porter, aged about thirteen years, of Woodward, were lost on the mountains beginning, of last week, and as a consequence camped out one night in a drenching rain. When found the next day about noon, they were at Cherry Run, several miles distant from their home. They had gone the opposite direction from their desired destination.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Goodhart, of Altoona, who accompanied the former's sisters to the seashore, are rounding out their vacation at the Goodhart home in Centre Hall. The party was greatly pleased with the trip to Atlantic City and other points. Mr. Goodhart thinks he can run his engine over the Cambria and Clearfield Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad all the better when he gets to work again.

J. Witmer McCormick, of Columbia, South Carolina, is spending his annual vacation in Centre county, dividing his time among relatives and friends. When in Centre Hall he will be found at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer, where Mrs. McCormick has been staying for the past few weeks. Mr. McCormick is engaged in the undertaking business in the south, conducting one of the best establishments of its kind in his state. He purchased several lots recently and will [illegible] dwellings on them as

FOR A FINAL STRUGGLE

The Deadlock in the Peace Negotiations.

SEVEN ARTICLES ARE SETTLED.

Protocols Will Be Drawn Up Preparatory for the Great Contest, Which May Be Terminated by a Rupture or a Compromise Should Outside Influences Be Effective—President Roosevelt, May Try to Prevent Failure.

Portsmouth, N. H. (Special).—The substance and present status of the Japanese terms are as follows:

1. Russia's recognition of Japan's "preponderant influence" in Korea, with her right to preserve order in the civil administration, give military and financial advice to the Emperor of Korea, Japan binding herself to observe the territorial integrity of Korea and (it is believed) the policy of the "open door." Accepted.

2. Mutual obligation to evacuate Manchuria. Accepted.

3. Japanese obligations to restore in Manchuria Chinese sovereignty and civil administration. Accepted.

4. Mutual obligation to respect in the future "the territorial integrity and administrative entity" of China in Manchuria and to maintain the principle of equal opportunity for the industry and commerce of all nations ("open door"). Accepted.

5. The cession of the Island of Sakhalin to Japan. Refused and final consideration deferred.

6. The surrender to Japan of the Russian leases of the Liaotung Peninsula, including Port Arthur, Dalny and the Blonde and Eliott Islands. Accepted.

7. The surrender to China by arrangement with Japan of the branch of the Chinese Eastern Railroad running south from Harbin to Port Arthur and Niuchwang, together with the retrocession of all the privileges ordained under the concession of 1898. Accepted in principle; final agreement deferred.

8. The limitation of the concession obtained by Mr. Rothstein and Prince Uhktomsky in 1896 under which the "cutoff" through Northern Manchuria was built to connect the trans-Siberian and the Ussurri Railroads, so as to provide for the retention of the ownership and operation of the line by the Chinese Eastern, but with provision for the eventual substitution of Chinese imperial police for Russian railroad guards. Accepted.

9. Remuneration for the cost of the war. Refused and action deferred.

10. The surrender of the Russian warships interned in neutral Far Eastern waters. Disagreement and action deferred.

11. The limitation of Russia's naval power on Pacific waters. Deferred.

12. The grant to the citizens of Japan of the right to fish in waters of the Russian littoral from Vladivostok north to the Behring Sea. Agreed upon.

PRESIDENT MAY PREVENT FAILURE.

Would Have Support of Emperor William and French Government.

Portsmouth, N. H. (Special).—The peace conference adjourned Friday until Tuesday, ostensibly to give time for the preparation of a protocol setting forth the terms of the agreement and disagreement.

According to the Russians, the exchanges are at an end and there will be no peace.

But nobody seems to know definitely what Tuesday has in store. In the four days that will elapse before the Russian and Japanese envoys reassemble they will communicate wtih their respective governments, and there will be plenty of time to receive responses. There can be little doubt that it was to afford this opportunity for consultation with St. Petersburg and Tokio that the plenipotentiaries agreed to such a long recess.

From the very first the belief has been prevalent here that President Roosevelt, to whose initiative the present exchanges are due, would not stand idly by if he were confronted by the knowledge that the plenipotentiaries were to adjourn without having accomplished the momentous task which brought them to America. It is the understandinging that prevails, namely, that the conference will be barren of results if something o bring about a contrary condition is not done in the meantime.

ROOSEVELT'S IDEA.

The President's Second Card Is Played in the Game.

At the invitation of President Roosevelt, Russia's chief envoy, M. Witte, sent Baron de Rosen to Oyster Bay, where, it is understood, the President took that "other step" which, it was announced before the peace negotiations began, was in contemplation in the event of a deadlock at Portsmouth.

Neither party to the conference would disclose its nature, but a correspondent took hope from the fact that Baron de Rosen was brusque in his manner when he arrived, but left with "his face wreathed in smiles."

Great Britain, France and Germany has acquiesced, it is understood, in Mr. Roosevelt's latest move, and the American ambassadors at St. Petersburg and Tokio have been renewing their activity.

New Castle, N. H. (Special).—There is apparently but one hope entertained by the peace envoys that the negotiations between Russia and Japan may be successful, and that hope is furnished by President Roosevelt.

Others are more sanguine because they cannot conceive how under the circumstances either the pride of Russia or the ambitions of Japan could be permitted to become a stumbling block in the way of peace which both nations so ardently desire and which all the world so strongly demands.

If it were not for the phenomenal record of President Roosevelt in accomplishing seemingly impossible tasks the envoys, their assistants and their intimate friends would be plunged into the depths of despair. They, of course, may be playing a game, each envoy seeking to deceive the other, but in their words, manners and gestures they clearly indicate they see but one way out of the difficulty—that which has been indicated to Tokio and St. Petersburg through Baron Kaneko, of Japan, and Baron Rosen, of Russia, by the President of the United States.

It must be admitted, after unceasing efforts to fathom the sentiments of the commissioners of both nations, that Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira are, if anything, a trifle more optimistic than are M. Witte and Baron Rosen. This is probably due to the fact that President Roosevelt's advice, if the effects should be fully reaped in a treaty, will make Japan the gainer and Russia the net loser in the settlement of the more vigorously disputed points.

At Least Twelve Were Killed.

Allentown, Pa. (Special).—Officials of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company stated that 12 workmen are known to have been killed in the cave-in at the company's quarry at Ormrod, and that five were injured. Eleven bodies have been recovered. It is possible that additional quarrymen are buried under the limestone, and if this be the case they may not be recovered for several weeks.

TO FIND A NEW WOOD PAVEMENT.

Department of Agriculture to Begin Experiments.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The forest service of the Department of Agriculture has taken up the study of woods for special uses, and experiments will be conducted particularly to secure a wood for street pavement which will prove lasting.

In recent years engineers have become convinced that with the right selection and treatment of material, and with the right method of laying, wood paving can be made successful. Consequently a revival in wood paving has begun, and many of the largest cities are again trying it.

Wood pavement is now made almost exclusively of one or two of the best construction woods, and if it should become popular the drain upon these woods would be seriously increased. The forest service will direct its experiments to determine if there are not among the various cheaper and more abundant species some which by proper treatment can be substituted for the more valuable kinds now in use.

Farm Methods in America.

Posen, Prussia (By Cable).—Several members of the Royal Settlements Commission have been ordered to visit the United States for he purpose of studying Western farm management and conditions. This commission is engaged in buying lands owned by Poles and settling Germans on them, so as to increase German influence in the provinces of Prussian Poland. A credit to the extent of $25,000,000 was given the commission in 1896. This was increased to $50,000,000 in 1898 and $87,500,000 in 1902, and it probably will be still further increased.

Tragedy With Two Sequels.

Baxley, Ga. (Special).—A. J. Chestnut, who a few days ago shot and killed United States Marshal Michael Aspinwall, and, being pursued by the sheriff and a large number of citizens, was wounded, died Wednesday evening. Wm. Smith, a carpenter, of Waycross, who was employed on work on the school building, shot Chestnut with a rifle and since has become insane and is now in the asylum.

Viceroy Curzon Resigns.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—A private dispatch received here from Kishinef says that rioting occurred there Saturday evening following the publication of the Emperor's manifesto. The demonstrators are described as numbering several thousand, but were dispersed by mounted police. Shots were fired on the street, but there is no report of any casualties.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

According to Minister Quaseda, of Cuba, the island is enjoying an era of prosperity far exceeding expectations. He expects the island's wealth to be doubled in a few years.

According to T. B. Shonts, chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission, who has just returned to Washington, after a tour of investigation and inspection on the isthmus, the engineers in Panama have formed a comprehensive plan for the excavation of between 20,000,000 and 25,000,000 cubic yards of dirt. When this plan has been fulfilled others will be made, and thus the work will be carried on, step by step, to completion.

The forest service of the Department of Agriculture will conduct experiments with a view to finding a lasting wood pavement.

In addition to requiring the resignation of the clerk originally responsible for the error by which a Canadian widow was given a pension for 11 years instead of 1, the commissioner has reduced in grade three reviewers who passed upon the case.

The government will take no notice of the reported utterances of Chinese officials now in this country relative to the Chinese boycott of American goods.

The 186 prisoners in the federal jail have been quarantined for 16 days because of a case of smallpox.

The government is not disposed to accept without protest the action of the Nicarauguan government in canceling the exequator of Mr. Donaldson, the American consul.

The Society of American Florists and Ornamental Horticulturists will hold its next convention in Dayton, O.

When completed, the new National Museum will be the largest building in Washington next to the Capitol.

The annual report of the Interstate Commerce Commission contains interesting and valuable statistics.

According to the weekly summary of crop conditions throughout the country by the Weather Bureau, the outlook for a large yield of corn is excellent. Other crops are flourishing.

FALL WITH PLATFORM

Accident at Laying of Synagogue Cornerstone.

THE VICTIMS SCREAM AND GROAN.

Frail Structure Collapses, Carrying Five Hundred People Down 15 Feet Into the Cellar—Nearly All Were Bruised and Cut, but None Seriously Injured—Sudden Rush of Crowd Causes Accident.

Pittsburg (Special).—More than 500 men, women and children were precipitated 15 feet into a cellar by the collapse of a platform during the exercises incident to the laying of the cornerstone of the Beth-David Russian Hebrew Orthodox Synagogue on Miller street, near Washington. Nearly all were cut and bruised, but it is believed none was fatally hurt.

Three rabbis were among those who went down, and although injured, they concluded the ceremony after the panic had subsided.

Among the more seriously injured are Rabbis A. G. Ashinsky, S. Graffman and A. Bloom, Nathan Nathanson, pastor of the congregation, and Policeman Adam Lefteweski.

The platform which broke was about 50 feet square and had been constructed over the foundation walls for the accommodation of the rabbis, officers of the church and invited guests.

Just prior to the ceremonies a brass band, leading 800 Zionists, marched up playing a lively tune, and when the Zionists were invited to pass over the platform in order to sign their names to the roll to be placed in the stone a mad rush was made by the thousands of persons who had gathered about to secure the same privilege. The police were overwhelmed and in a moment the platform was packed with men, women and children. The frail structure could not withstand the strain and fully 500 persons were carried down.

The panic that followed attracted thousands of persons to the spot, and the police had great difficulty in extricating the screaming and groaning victims from the wreckage.

When the cellar had been cleared it was found that scores were hurt, their injuries consisting of bruises and cuts about the head and body. Some of the injuries were due to the panic that followed the crash, many being trampled in the wild rush to escape.

Rabbi Ashinsky was one of these. He was trampled by the excited crowd and sustained severe injuries, but though suffering intensely continued the services after some sort of order had been restored by the army of policemen who were called to the scene from several districts, the report being circulated that hundreds had been killed in the accident. The fact that there were no fatalities is a marvel, as the platform, when it broke, closed up like a jack knife, throwing the people in a struggling mass into the cellar.

Physicians who were called had their hands full attending to the injured and caring for the many women who fainted after being taken from the cellar.

INESTIGATING RAILROADS.

The Interstate Commission Is Getting Busy.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The interstate Commerce Commission, on its own initiative and as a result of complaints against private car lines, unexpectedly began an investigation of the relations between railroads and refrigerator lines, by which it is charged that the act to regulate interstate commerce is being violated in several specific particulars. The complaint set forth by the commission is directed against the Armour car line, the American Refrigerator Transportation Company, the Santa Fe Refrigerator Dispatch, and the following railroads: St. Louis and San Francisco; Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe; St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern; Central of Georgia; Southern; Atlantic Coast Line; Seaboard Air Line; Pennsylvania; Southern Pacific, and Kansas City Southern.

The railroads and refrigerator lines are made respondents in proceedings which require that specific answer to all allegations be made to the Interstate Commerce Commission by September 5.

It is charged that by way of rebates or other devices the refrigerator lines are acting for the railroads as authorized agents, and the railroads, acting through the refrigerator lines, are collecting and receiving for the refrigeration of fruit and vegetables lower rates from some shippers than they are contemporaneously receiving for similar service rendered to other shippers. This is held to be in violation of sections 2 and 3 of the act to regulate interstate commerce.

Another charge is that failure and neglect to publish at shipping stations and file with the Interstate Commerce Commission the rates and charges imposed for the refrigeration of fruits and vegetables constitute a violation of section 6 of the Interstate Commerce Act. The commission alleges further that the charges published jointly by the refrigerator lines and the railroads for the refrigeration of fruits in certain specified territories are unreasonable and unjust and in violation of section 1. The territories described are Missouri, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Texas, California to eastern points, Louisiana and Kansas, and Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina to New York.

The matter has been made the subject of investigation by congressional committees and several laws have been passed giving increased powers to the commission in an effort to reach alleged combinations said to be prohibitive with shippers leasing by the year large numbers of private cars.

Fatal Fire at the Fair.

Portland, Ore. (Special).—Fire destroyed the Stateroom Inn, situated one block from the main entrance of the Lewis and Clark Exposition and resulted in the death of two men, whose charred bodies have not been identified. A number of the occupants of the place, including four women and two men, were injured. They were removed to hospitals. About 30 persons were in the building when the fire started.

THE NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

Domestic.

Near Clarksville, Tex., two negroes were accused of uttering defamatory remarks about a white girl. They were arrested and tried by a committee—five white and five colored. They were found guilty and received lashes, administered by the colored men.

The walls of the Avenue Theater building, in Pittsburg, which was being wrecked preparatory to the construction of a new building, fell with a crash, carrying down 15 Italian laborers, burying a number under the debris. None were killed.

According to Rev. Dr. W. A. P. Martin, lately president of the Imperial Tungwan College at Peking, who recently arrived at Victoria, the Chinese are greatly aroused by the Japs' triumphs in the war and are seeking to emulate them.

Hundreds of thousands of pounds of sulphur were burned in New Orleans to rid the city of the fever-infected mosquitoes, and the Marine Hospital Corps now hope to stamp out the disease in a few weeks.

Mr. James Hazen Hyde, former vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, has sold his country place, on Long Island, to Louis Bossart for $400,000, which is about half of its total cost.

President Mitchell is trying to check the weakness in the United Mineworkers' organization in the anthracite region, the union having lost many members in the Hazleton and Schuylkill regions.

Joe Ullman, proprietor of the Bridge Club in Saratoga, has received a deadly bomb similar to those sent to Jacob H. Schiff and the Guggenheims, in New York.

A log raft containing 10,000,000 feet of timber will start at an early date from Stella, Wash., to be towed across the Pacific Ocean to Shanghai.

The tribes in the Moro provinces of Zamboanga, Philippines, gave Secretary of War Taft and his party a great reception.

A project is on hand in New York to erect a chimney into the clouds. It will be the tallest structure ever built.

Five Americans and several colonists are reported to have been killed in a fight between them in Mexico.

After an inspection trip in the West, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is convinced that some of the railroads are making as obnoxious as possible recent regulations governing live-stock shipments in order to secure their repeal.

Frank Ward, of Pueblo, Col., forced his daughter to swallow poison, which caused her death. He then took the same drug, which also caused his death.

At Plymouth, Mass., Chicago detectives failed to identify George L. Marsh, suspected of the murder of a chauffeur near Chicago several months ago.

R. H. Davidson, a Chicago building contractor, is missing. His friends believe that he has been slugged by a labor gang.

Henry D. Davis, of Cleveland, O., was elected president of the fraternal order of Eagles, in session in Denver, Col.

Kipson A. Andrews, former treasurer of the Pittsburg Coal Company, is reported to be dying at Youngstown, O.

Minooka, a large town bordering on Scranton, Pa., is so good that the whole police force has been dismissed.

Three negroes who had murdered women of their own race were hanged in Memphis.

On a bench in Fairmount Park, in Philadelphia, the body of a man was found. Presumably from a letter that was on him the man's name was Joseph A. Thompson, of Pittsburg. The letter found on him is a complaint against his brother, and claims relationship through him with the wealthy Thaw family of Pittsburg.

At a meeting of the National Railway Association in Deadwood "Stet" Burr, commissioner from Florida, accused Walker D. Hines, first vice president of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, of perjury in his sworn statement of the value of the company's property for taxation purposes.

Adolph Kraus, of Chicago, expressed himself as well satisfied with the result of the conference of leading Jews with M. Witte at Portsmouth regarding the settlement of the rights of Jews in Russia.

The Chamber of Commerce of Bellingham, Wash., has passed resolutions protesting against any attempt to modify the tariff on timber.

Postmaster General and Mrs. Cortelyou were guests of President and Mrs. Roosevelt at Sagamore Hill.

Six Mexican laborers were killed in a railroad collision near San Francisco, Cal.

Foreign.

German socialist newspapers declare the Czar's decree for a national assembly a joke, but the North German Gazette says he has placed Russia among the constitutional governments.

Advices from Shanghai say the boycott against American goods is weakening.

Adolphe William Bougereau, the noted painter, died in La Rochelle, France.

Hugh Watt, a financier and formerly a member of Parliament, has been arrested in London on the charge of attempting to procure a private detective to assist in the murder of his former wife.

The Czar has sent a telegram to General Linevitch expressing his appreciation of his services and directing him to be prepared for all eventualities.

Jori, the anarchist, arrested at Botzen, Austria, while planning an attempt on the life of Emperor Francis Joseph, committed suicide in prison.

Miss Florence Croker, who was reported to have eloped with Count Louis San Martino, has returned to the home of her father, Richard Croker, in Ireland, unaccompanied by the Count.

The relations between Great Britain and Germany have recently been seriously strained almost to the point of breaking, and Chancellor von Buelow and Emperor William held a conference concerning the matter.

Two sons of Henry Phipps, the Pittsburg millionaire, were arraigned in court at Inverness, Scotland, and remitted for trial on the charge of shooting at salmon fishers.

Chinese rebels in the Dutch East Indies are again on the warpath. They attacked a Dutch army post and killed 2 officers and 22 men.

CANAL COSTLY TO DATE

But All of the Appropriation Is Not Spent.

WHAT CHAIRMAN SHONTS SAYS.

Official Statement by the Commission Showing How Much Money Has Been Spent Each Month—Enough on Hand to Continue Work Until January It Deemed Expedient to Do So.

Panama (By Cable).—It is currently reported here that the suspension of engineering operations on the canal is owing to the exhaustion of the congressional appropriation, although the reason officially given is that the suspension is due to the desirability of undertaking the improvement of sanitary conditions in the zone. A resumption of operations is not expected until Congress meets.

Washington (Special).—One of the first important tasks awaiting Mr. Shonts when he assumed the presidency of the Isthmian Canal Commission was the conservation of the balance remaining of the appropriation of $10,000,000 so as to guard against a stoppage of the work of canal building. Calling to his aid several expert accountants, the exact state of the finances of the commission was ascertained, and it was found that the work could be steadily prosecuted until Congress at the next regular session should have ample opportunity to provide more funds. Therefore, the balance on hand was divided into monthly allotments, which have so far been closely adhered to, save in one case where an unexpected demand arose for additional transportation facilities. Thus the commission has, it believes, avoided the necessity of availing itself of the privilege granted by Congress of issuing bonds to meet expenditures.

The commission issued the following statement on this point:

"It was officially stated at the Isthmian Canal Commission today that of the appropriation by Congress of $10,000,000 for the construction of the canal, there was on April 1, 1905, the date on which the present commission took hold, an available balance to the credit of this appropriation of $7,426,568.

"During the month of April the expenditures from this appropriation aggregated $475,000; during May, $503,000; during June, $659,000; during July, $770,000, for wages, salaries, material, supplies and equipment.

"During July there was an unusual expenditure for the purchase of two ships at $650,000 each, not included in the July expenditure above.

"During the monh of August, up to and including the 15th, $250,000 has been expended. This left to the balance of the appropriation on August 15, $2,816,713, in addition to which each of the two disbursing officers had in hand $500,000 on that date.

"It will be seen from the foregoing than the average expenditure per month, leaving out of consideration the purchase of these two ships, was in the neighborhood of $650,000, and that at that rate of expenditure the $2,816,713 will last until early in January, which is according to the schedule fixed by Mr. Shonts on April 1, when he became chairman of the commission."

BRITAIN AND GERMANY CLASH.

Relations Said to Be at the Breaking Point.

Berlin (By Cable).—According to several high officials of the Government, Prince Von Buelow, the Imperial Chancellor, who left Norderney, where he was spending his vacation, for Berlin, went to the castle of Wilhelmshoehe to see Emperor William. Dr. Von Muehlberg, under secretary of the foreign office, who left Berlin for a vacation of several weeks, was suddenly recalled to join the Chancellor at Wilhelmshoehe.

The reason for these movements is so far only the subject of conjecture, but it is known that the relations between Great Britain and Germany have recently been on the point of breaking to an extent beyond the knowledge of the public.

Precisely what happened has not been learned, but a serious situation existed—indeed, it is understood, it has not yet been dissipated. The British Government appears to hold the conviction that the German Emperor is seeking to form a European combination against Great Britain.

Stock of Silver Bullion.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The suspension of gold and silver coinage at the Philadelphia mint is explained at the Treasury Department by the statement that the stock of silver bullion is entirely exhausted, and there is no call at present for gold or minor coins. Some time in October it is thought the accumulation of uncurrent silver will warrant the resumption for a time of recoinage of silver dollars into subsidiary coins, as has been proposed. The outlook for continued active operations at the Philadelphia mint are not regarded as good.

Man's Footprint in Coal.

Pottsville, Pa. (Special).—The first human imprint ever found in anthracite coal was uncovered by Michael Sincavage, a miner at Eagle Hill Colliery, the fossil being a man's footprint. Fossils of snakes, ferns, etc., have been plentiful, but this is the first evidence that prehistoric man was in existence in this country during the formation of the coal beds. The imprint, it is estimated, must have been made 10,000 years ago.

Big Swindle Charged.

Detroit (Special).—Archibald Y. Jameson, of Detroit, formerly of Jackson, Mich., is under arrest here, charged with attempting to procure under false pretenses $101,250 worth of stocks from Dr. M. L. Emerick, of Hickory Corners, Pa.; Isaac B. Tessler, a Northumberland county farmer of Pennsylvania, and half a dozen other residents of that vicinity and Williamsport, Pa. Governor Warner has received from the Governor of Pennsylvania a request for the extradition of Jameson.

SIDELIGHTS OF NEW YORK

New York City, N. Y.

Isaac Ludlow's airship No. 5, torn and bedraggled, is a wreck, but she carried human freight 100 feet into the air at the foot of West Seventy-eight street, and her inventor is a happy man, for he declares that it is the first time in history that an aeroplane has risen from the ground with a man on board. In all other experiments the inventors leaped from high places. In this case the aeroplane was attacked by a rope to an automobile, which at the proper time started full speed ahead, the third attempt being what the inventor called successful. Thousands of people witnessed the experiment.

After 15 years of separatiop and the filing of cross suits for divorce, Alois Suss, 404 East Seventy-fifth street, and wife have become reconciled because his physicians have told him that he, at 86 years of age, had only a short while to live. Statutory grounds and cruelty figured in both suits for divorce. Now they have been dismissed, the reason being that Mr. Suss desires his wife to have full rights to a portion of his estate, on behalf of their daughter.

Loaded with returning tourists, the Deutschland and Baltic have arrived, the Deutschland with a report of suicide at sea. Off the Banks Lewis Jansen, a deckhand shipped in Hamburg, apparently jumped overboard while the ship was in a heavy easterly gale. It was rumored that he had been flogged and committed suicide for shame, but that was denied by the officers.

In a squeaking old cart which resembled the familiar hand-delivery cart of the corner grocery in Harlem, two laborers employed at the Custom-house pushed $1,109,320 in gold and gold certificates from the Custom-house up Wall street to the Sub-Treasury.

That amount represented the intake of one day's business of the New York Custom-house. The amount taken in Wednesday was up to the highest record ever touched. Usually the amount of money collected at the Custom-house day by day averages between $500,000 and $700,000. About 4 o'clock the day's collections are deposited at the Sub-Treasury, farther up Wall street.

Mr. Charles M. Schwab was a passenger by the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II., which sailed for Bremen Wednesday. Accompanied by several friends Mr. Schwab went over in an automobile to the North German Lloyd pier in Hoboken at 2 o'clock. He went to his stateroom, and had not again appeared on deck when at 6 o'clock in the morning the vessel sailed.

It may have been the hot weather, or just the crush. Anyhow, in the excitement of a rush for a car at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge, Rev. Emil B. Linde, 334 East One Hundred and Fourteenth street, ran into Edgar M. Howell, 267 Ryerson street, and Howell hit him with his fist. An arrest promptly followed.

"If this defendant had smitten you on the cheek instead of the neck, would you be guided by the Scriptural or legal phase of the case?" asked Magistrate Breen.

"The legal," replied the minister, who had no relish for turning the other cheek, and Howell was fined $1, which he paid.

NEW THEORY OF WORLD CREATION.

Old Nebular Hypothesis Is Torn to Pieces.

Chicago (Special).—La Place's "ring" theory of the nebular hypothesis for the creation of the universe, which has stood service for more than a century in the scientific world, was torn to pieces by Prof. F. R. Moulton, of the University of Chicago, who believes that he has made the real solution of the evolution of our solar system. Assisted by Prof. Thomas C. Chamberlain, head of the geology department, Professor Moulton has been working for more than four years to disprove the "ring" theory and to set up what he terms the "spiral" theory. The results of their researches were made known in a lecture on "The Evolution of the Solar System" delivered by Professor Moulton.

"The 'ring' theory was brought out by La Place in 1796, and has been accepted almost universally up to present time," said Professor Moulton. "The theory which Professor Chamberlain and myself hold is the spiral theory. We believe a second sun—a disturbing sun—moved down near our sun and caused on our sun enormous tides, thousands of miles high. The tides were similar to the tides of the sea. One tide was at the point nearest the disturbing sun and the other tide was on the opposite side.

"The matter shot towards the disturbing sun. Ordinarily it would have been straight up, but the disturbing sun moved around in an elliptical sort of orbit. Consequently, all the masses thrown off were in a spiral direction one after another, which accounts for the orbits of the planets. The swollen masses were attracted to the large nuclei, which made them into planets."

FINANCIAL.

Hard coal is certainly king—in the stock market.

One block of 10,000 shares of Pennsylvania was recorded as changing hands at 145. It was probably a bogus transaction.

London bought American securities freely during the week.

Western farmers are storing their new wheat recently threshed and will wait for higher prices.

"Admirable, most admirable," was the way one of the highest authorities on the steel industry in Philadelphia diagnosed the state of trade at this time.

Englishmen marvel at the waste of human life on American railroads. An official report says only one passenger out of 200,000,000 is killed on British railroads.

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PEWS IN ENGLISH CHURCHES.

In Early Times Furnished With Sofas and Tables.

Private pews, first allowed as personal favors, appeared in English churches in the reign of Henry VIII. In spite of the opposition of Sir Thomas More and others, they gained ground under Elizabeth and Charles I., and after the Restoration came into increased favor and use among well-to-do citizens. Swift humorously described how one was appropriately made out of a large wooden bedstead, and in early Georgian times pews were to be found furnished with sofas and tables, and provided with fireplaces. Bishop Eden states that in one case a livery servant entered the pew of his master between prayers and sermon with wine and light refreshments. Thickly curtained or highly partitioned box-pews were so numerous in some churches at one time that the poor were practically excluded, or thrust back into comfortless sittings in the coldest and darkest parts of the church, where they could hear little of the service. Before this there were no seats in the churches at all, the people standing during the sermon, and kneeling while the rest of the service was going on. This old custom may still be observed in many continental cathedrals.

FARM AND GARDEN

MAINTAINING FERTILITY.

There is no country which possesses more fertile soils than are found in the United States. These soils have been produced from the best kind of materials and in ways that have developed in sections the highest degree of fertility. "These soils," writes Prof. Henry Snyder in the Iowa Homestead, "contain certain reserve plant food of greater value than the combined mineral wealth of the country. How can this soil wealth be best conserved and utilized. This problem concerns not only the farmer of the Middle West, but also the entire country, because soil fertility is the chief asset of a nation. It is the belief of the writer that these soils have not yet reached their maximum productiveness, and that both larger yields and better quality of crops will be produced during the next generation. This will be accomplished by improved methods of cultivation, rotation and improvement of crops, and judicious use of farm manures.

"Experience has shown that it is not economical to attempt to produce the same crop too frequently upon one piece of land. Some of the most fertile soils of the West have been temporarily reduced in crop producing power because of a one-crop system. The effect upon the soil when corn or wheat is grown continuously is quite pronounced. When soils are continually under the plow they readily lose their stock of vegetable mould known as humus.

"When the humus decays, nitrogen, one of its component parts, is liberated and dissipated. Experiments at the Minnesota station have shown that when wheat is grown continuously there are excessive losses of nitrogen from the soil; for every pound removed by the crop there are four pounds lost through decay of the humus.

"When grains are grown in a rotation with clover and corn, and the corn is given a dressing of farm manure, the loss of nitrogen is checked and new stores of humus are added to the soil. A good rotation necessitates the keeping of live stock so as to utilize the farm crops to the best advantage and to produce manure. Rotation of crops on a soil of average fertility results in an increase of five to eight bushels per acre of wheat and twenty-five bushels per acre of corn.

"The unique chemical composition of most of our western soils, which are mildly alkaline in character, prevents the humus from forming injurious acid products. Farm manures, rotation of crops resulting in the introduction of humus, will do more to keep up the fertility than any other treatment."

JUDGING LIVE STOCK.

Stock judging is a skill naturally possessed by some and it is a science that the breeder and feeder should understand. The agricultural colleges are giving practical instruction in judging live stock that is one of the most fascinating studies of the college, as it includes the knowledge of improved stock breeding. The students visit many prominent breeders of the different breeds and at the State fairs and at the Chicago International they test their judgment and skill.

Professor Ferguson of the Michigan Agricultural College gives the following rules to his students:

1. Have confidence in your own powers.
2. Concentrate your thoughts on the breed and breed type of the animals you are working upon.
3. Do not hurry. Take time to decide. Having done so, stick to it. "Be sure you are right, then go ahead."
4. If possible watch the class as it comes into the ring. There is often something about the style and carriage of the winner which marks him out as he walks.
5. Take a minute to look over the line from as near the centre as possible in order to get a general idea on conformation.
6. Then pass slowly clear around the ring, inspecting each animal from front and rear.
7. Never be satisfied without using your hand in addition to your eyes. Appearances are often deceitful.
8. In handling always work from front to rear. With cattle work on the right side, approaching the animal from behind.
9. First pick out the winner of the class; then use it as your standard in placing second and third.
10. When first is placed, briefly sum up its strong points.
11. Look for characteristics and most common breed defects.
12. Pay no attention to either the men with you or the crowd around you. Your business is with the animals.—American Cultivator.

FACTS ABOUT COWS AND THEIR MILK.

The matter of quality of the milk of cows has been pretty well settled by tests in this country, and English authority is in agreement with us, as shown by deductions from their own experiments, as follows:

1. "That when a cow is in full milk and full flesh she will give her normal quality of milk for at least a limited time, even though the quality and quantity of food be very deficient.
2. "That when in good condition a cow will take off her body whatever is deficient in food, in order to give her normal quality of milk.
3. "That an extra supply of nutritious food, at all times increases the quantity of milk, but the percentage of fat is not in any way improved by it; if anything, the tendency is the other way.
4. "That an extra supply of nutritious food almost invariably very slightly increases the solids not fat of the milk. That a ration poor in food ingredients has a very slight tendency to reduce the solids not fat in milk, but has little appreciable effect on the fat.
5. "That with a poor ration, a cow in full weight will lose carcass weight, while on a rich diet she will gain weight.
6. "That although the percentage of fat in a cow's milk may vary daily, we at present seem unable to control these variations or to account for them.
7. "That for limited periods, up to one month or thereabouts, all ordinary quantities and qualities of food seem to have no material effect on the quality of the milk.
8. "That some foods exercise a material effect in raising the melting point of butter.
9. "That the aim of all producers of milk, butter or cheese, should be to feed what will give quantity, in moderate amount and of a mixed nature, and the produce will be the best that the cow can give.
10. "That extra quality must be looked for by improving the breeds, and judicious selection, rather than by any special foods or methods of feeding.
11. "That the variations in the percentage of fat in a cow's milk are caused by something, but what that something is we at present do not know, though if we did we might be able to influence the quality."—Indiana Farmer.

THE QUEEN BEE.

The queen is a fair and stately bee, differing from the workers both in shape and color. She is longer than a honey bee by one-third, and somewhat longer than a drone, but not quite so big around.

The queen is treated with the greatest respect and affection by the bees. A circle of her offspring often surround her, testifying in various ways their dutiful regard, offering her food from time to time, and all of them politely backing out of her way, to give her a clear path when she moves over the combs. So strong is the feeling of the workers for the queen, that if for any reason she is removed the whole colony is filled with consternation and dismay. Her death, when it is too late in the season to raise another queen, means the final extinction of the colony.

A good queen will sometimes lay from two to three thousand eggs a day, or nearly the weight of her own body, and continue doing it for weeks in succession. At the beginning of the season the queen lays eggs in the worker cells. She walks over the combs, puts her head into each open cell as she comes to it, as though to discover whether it is occupied or is in fit condition to receive an egg. I have watched how faithfully she goes about her work, from an observatory hive, for hours.

The queen only stings other queens and seeks only to kill her rivals. She may be handled to any extent without fear of being stung. She has also great tenacity of life as well as longevity.—F. G. Herman, in American Cultivator.

STRAW IS VALUABLE.

Our father dumped the straw almost anywhere. If they even thought of the conservation of forces, certainly straw did not figure as a factor therein. It was just as valuable then as now for feeding purposes, and yet seldom was it judiciously combined with the winter's hay for forage. Today we are as careful of its preservation as we are of hay, even though we may have no opportunity to ship it to the paper mills. It is safe to say that oat or rye straw, when properly cut and cured, is equal to one-third or one-half the same quantity of hay. This should no longer be regarded as a by-product, but as a primary source of income. And now that we are coming more and more to cut oats in the green, it will be seen how important is this bulky crop to the farmer. It may be fed as hay or turned into ensilage, cut or uncut. The use of green oats is hardly yet out of the experimental stage, but enough is well known to warrant the caution. Do not wait for the kernel to harden before cutting. With the kernel in milk and only the faint hint of yellowing stalk is the time for harvesting. Chemical tests have demonstrated this.—G. A. Smith, Massachusetts Plowman.

The Malay states produce about seven-tenths of the world's supply of tin.

WIT AND HUMOR

LEARNING TO SWIM.

"Mother, may I go learn to swim?"
"Yes, my darling daughter;
Take a course at a correspondence school,
But don't go near the water."
—Yonkers Statesman.

HIS EXPERIENCE.

They were doing the art exhibit.
"Were you ever done in oil?" she asked.
"I certainly was," he replied.
"Who was the artist?"
"He wasn't an artist, he was a broker."—Columbus Dispatch.

DOCTOR'S AWFUL THREAT.

"Very well, sir," said Dr. Fixem, after his quarrel with the undertaker, "I'll make you sorry for this!"
"What are you going to do?" asked the undertaker, "retire from practice?"—Chicago Journal.

AN ATTRACTIVE SIGN.

"I wish," said the good, old parson, "that I could devise some plan whereby the lost sheep could be induced to wander back into the straight and narrow path."
"Well," rejoined the suburban resident, whose wisdom was the offspring of experience, "why don't you tack up a 'No Trespassing Allowed' sign on the church door?"—Detroit Tribune.

OMINOUS.

"Pardon me, old man," said the old boarder, "but we don't want to lose you and I just want to give you a tip that you'd better begin to think of paying your board."
"Why?" asked the new boarder.
"Well, I noticed that Mrs. Starvem was dangerously polite to you this morning."—Philadelphia Press.

SHE WAS A REGULAR CUSTOMER.

Mrs. Sour (looking at the hearse which is about to take her fifth to the last resting place)—But I didn't order all these expensive plumes.
Undertaker—No, mum. I threw those in on consideration of your being such a regular customer, Mrs. —Chicago Journal.

SEES PANIC AHEAD.

Smithson (whose financial credit is gone)—I tell you we are on the verge of a financial panic.
Smooth—Pshaw! What makes you think that?
Smithson (confidentially)—Well sir, Cut & Sharp used to lend me small sums a year ago, but when I go to them nowadays for five or ten dollars, they tell me frankly that they haven't got it. Cut & Sharp are two of our best business men, too. I tell you, sir, we're going to have a panic.—Chicago Journal.

FRIENDLY TIP.

The mother of two marriageable daughters was conversing with a neighbor.
"Really," she said, "I don't know whether to send Ethel and Maude to the seashore or the mountains this summer. What would you advise?"
"Well," answered the knowing neighbor, "I would advise Sulphur Springs for a change. Sulphur, you know, is one of the principal requisites in matchmaking."—Detroit Tribune.

IN THE RIVER'S MOUTH.

"It's queer," remarked the romantic young woman, "that the water babbling along so gayly and brightly in this little brook should become so quiet and gloomy where it passes from the river to the ocean."
"Oh! I don't know," replied the practical one, "it's natural for it to become quiet and gloomy when it gets down in the mouth."—Philadelphia Press.

AN OVERDOSE.

Biggs—You don't look well, old man. Are you sick?
Diggs—Yes; smoked too much today.
Biggs—Indeed! How many cigars did you smoke?
Diggs—One.
Biggs—Why, that isn't excessive.
Diggs—Yes, but it was the one you gave me last night.—Detroit Tribune.

The English Luggage Porter.

On one occasion an excess porter said to a traveler, "I see as your luggage is overweight, sir."
"Ah! your visionary powers are far too acute for me, my friend."
"Sir," with a grunt like a pig.
"I say you can see too well for me."
"Ah! to be sure, sir. I take you—"
"Could you see as well now if you had sixpence over one eye?"
"Well, I don't know, sir; but I'm well sure as I couldn't see at all if I'd another over t'other!"—T. P.'s Weekly.

The Hunslet Engine Company, a Leeds firm, has achieved a record by building a locomotive in twenty-one days.

Most housekeepers will look with suspicion upon a hired girl that holds stock in the newly formed pottery trust.

FIFTY PEOPLE DROWNED

An Excursion Train Plunges Through Open Draw.

A HUNDRED OTHERS WERE INJURED.

All of the Victims, Except Two, Are Colored—Appalling Accident at Bruce Station, Seven Miles From Portsmouth, Va., on the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad—Edward Joliff, Manager of the Excursion, Among Killed.

Norfolk, Va. (Special).—Owing to the inability of Engineer D. L. Reig to control his airbrakes, an excursion train from Kinston, N. C., bound to this city, plunged through an open draw over the Western Branch of the Elizabeth River, eight miles from Norfolk, and half a hundred persons, mostly negroes, were drowned.

The list of injured, so far as can be ascertained, numbers nearly 100, though most of these are slightly hurt.

Among the victims the only white ones were Edward Joliffe, manager of the excursion, and Edward Forbes, who assisted him, both of Greenville, N. C.

The Merritt Wrecking Organization dispatched an expedition to the scene for the purpose of raising the sunken cars, which lie in about 25 feet of water. Until the cars are raised an accurate estimate of the number of dead is impracticable.

The forward coach crushed on the piling of the draw and was splintered to kindling. Those of the helpless passengers in this coach who were not killed before reaching the water were drowned. Those in the rear escaped, bruised and cut by glass and splinters. The car next behind this one was broken in two on the trestle. Three other cars kept to the track. Their occupants escaped.

The train was made up at Kinston, N. C., and had picked up passengers off for a holiday at every crossing. It was due at Norfolk at 1 o'clock, and was running fast to make up for lost time. There was no warning until the fatal crash.

In the door of one of the cars was the corpse of a negro man struck down by a timber.

There was not a sign of the great locomotive lying submerged in mud and water in the middle of the channel.

Many boats were ferrying the injured to the eastern side of the river, where the relief train, with every doctor in Portsmouth who could be reached, was waiting. The baggage car was turned into a temporary hospital, while the busy doctors worked to relieve the injured.

Ernest Wolston, of Greenville, one of the survivors, was in the car that went overboard. He says he felt a shock, and the next moment the water was up to his feet. A mad scramble followed. Men and women, shrieking and fighting to get to the doors, blocked the aisles and clambered over the seats, smashing windows and ventilators in their efforts to escape. Wolston and his brother were imprisoned when the car was smashed, and crowded through a window, through which they rescued many women and little children.

Too much praise cannot be accorded the colored boatmen who went to the rescue of the drowning passengers and saved many lives. The superintendent of the Coast Line rushed aid to the scene of the wreck and took personal charge of the situation.

Superintendent Wooten states that the engineer told him that he didn't see the open draw until he was upon it. His fireman leaped before it was reached, and the engineer himself reversed his engine and applied the emergency brake and sprang into the water, striking his head on the craft passing through the draw. Fifteen physicians were rushed to the scene on a special, which also carried 40 men of the clerical force at Pinners Point, who acted as nurses.

FIVE MORE ALPINE CLIMBERS KILLED.

One Boy Falls 900 Feet and Four Students Go Over a Precipice.

Vinnsbruck, Austrian Tyrol (By Cable).—No less than five Alpine fatalities were recorded.

Two tourists from Meran while hunting for edelweiss were killed on the Peuegal, in the Zillerthal Alps.

While climbing the Hoofats group a Bavarian lawyer fell and was killed.

Four students from Dresden who were ascending the Hohergoell fell down a precipice. One was killed and the others probably were fatally injured.

Another youth of 16 was killed on Mount Mythenstock. He fell 900 feet, and his body was reduced to a pulp.

Snow in Hazleton.

Hazleton, Pa. (Special).—Policemen and others who were abroad at that hour say that there was a lively flurry of snow in this city at about 1 o'clock A. M. Following a week of intensely warm weather, the temperature began to drop during the day, and at midnight it was down to 45 degrees. The policemen say that when they first saw the snow fall they could scarcely believe their eyes, and several of them went even so far as to put out their hands and catch the flakes. They say that they found that it was the real thing, and tried to collect enough to make a midsummer snow highball for the Mayor

Charged With Killing Husband.

Pratt, Kan. (Special).—Mrs. Harvey McPherson Null, charged with murder in having, it is alleged, poisoned her husband, a well-to-do farmer, and H. C. Kelley, a farm hand, charged with aiding her in the crime, have been arrested here. Mrs. Null was released on bond. Kelley, who is several years her junior, was unable to furnish bond. Null died August 6 from arsenic poisoning.

Miss Roosevelt Undecided.

Manila (By Cable).—The governor general of Hongkong has invited Secretary of War Taft and the members of his party to attend a banquet. The members of the party have answered that they will stay one day at Hongkong and one night at Canton. Miss Alice Roosevelt is undecided as to whether she will visit Peking, and it is believed that she is awaiting her father's answer to the invitation extended her to visit that place.

DEMOCRATIC CO. COMMITTEE--1908.

Bellefonte, N. W., J. C. Harper
" S. W., Patrick Gherrity
" W. W., George R. Meek
Philipsburg, 1st W., J. W. Lukens
" 2nd W., Ira Howe
" 3rd W., E. G. Jones
Centre Hall, D. J. Meyer
Howard, Howard Moore
Millheim, Pierce Musser
Milesburg, James Noll
South Philipsburg, Joseph Gates
Unionville, P. J. McDonnel, Fleming
State College, D. G. Meek
Benner, N. P., John F. Grove, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Grove, Bellefonte
Boggs, N. P., Ira Confer, Yarnell
" E. P., W. J. C. Barnhart, Roland
" W. P., Lewis Wallace, Milesburg
Burnside, William Hipple, Pine Glenn
College, Nathan Grove, Lemont
Curtin, R. A. Boorman, Romola
Ferguson, E. P., W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills
" W. P., Sumner Miller, Penna. Furnace
Gregg N. P., Josiah C. Roseman, Spring Mills
" E. P., H. P. Herring, Penn Hall
" W. P., John Smith, Spring Mills
Haines, E. P., L. D. Orndorf, Woodward
" W. P., Ralph E. Stover, Aaronsburg
Halfmoon, Emory McAfee, Stormstown
Harris, John Weiland, Boalsburg
Howard, George D. Johnson, Roland
Huston, Henry Hale, Julian
Liberty, E. P., W. F. Harter, Blanchard
" W. P., Albert Bergner, Monument
Marion, J. W. Orr, Walker
Miles, E. P., H. F. McManaway, Wolfs Store
" M. P., George B. Winters, Smullton
" W. P., G. Edward Miller, Rebersburg
Patton, T. M. Huey, Waddle
Penn, W. F. Smith, Millheim
Potter, N. P., George H. Emerick, Centre Hall
" S. P., George Goodhart, Centre Hall
" W. P., James B. Spangler, Tusseyville
Rush, N. P., W. F. Frank, Philipsburg
" E. P., Fred Wilkinson, Munson Station
" S. P., John T. Lorigan, Retort
Snow Shoe, E. P., Lawrence Redding, Snow Shoe
" W. P., James Culver, Moshannon
Spring, N. P., C. M. Heisler, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Mullinger, Pleasant Gap
" W. P., John L. Dunlap, Bellefonte
Taylor, P. A. Hoover, Port Matilda
Union, John O. Peters, Fleming
Walker, E. P., Solomon Peck, Nittany
" M. P., John McAuley, Hublersburg
" W. P., John Cole, Zion
Worth, J. A. Williams, Port Matilda

H. S. TAYLOR, Chairman

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.				Stations	Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5			No 6	No 4	No 2
A. M.	P M	P M		Lv. Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 10	2 30	6 40		BELLEFONTE	9 20	5 10	9 40
7 21	2 41	6 51		Nigh	9 07	4 57	9 27
7 26	2 46	6 56		Zion	9 01	4 51	9 21
7 33	2 53	7 03		Hecla Park	8 55	4 45	9 15
7 35	2 55	7 05		Dunkles	8 53	4 42	9 13
7 39	2 59	7 09		HUBLERSBURG	8 49	4 38	9 09
7 43	3 03	7 14		Snydertown	8 46	4 34	9 05
7 45	3 05	7 16		Nittany	8 44	4 31	9 02
7 47	3 07	7 19		Huston	8 42	4 28	9 00
7 51	3 11	7 23		LAMAR	8 39	4 25	8 57
7 53	3 13	7 25		Clintondale	8 36	4 22	8 54
7 57	3 17	7 29		Krider's Spring	8 32	4 18	8 51
8 01	3 21	7 33		Mackeyville	8 28	4 13	8 46
8 07	3 27	7 39		Cedar Springs	8 22	4 07	8 40
8 10	3 30	7 42		Salona	8 20	4 05	8 38
8 15	3 35	7 47		MILL HALL	8 15	4 00	8 33
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)							
11 45		8 38		Jersey Shore	3 16		7 50
12 20		9 10	Arr.	Lve	2 40		7 20
12 29		11 30	Lve.	W'msport Arr.	2 25		6 50
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)							
7 30		6 50		PHILA	8 36		11 30
10 40		9 02		NEW YORK	4 30		7 30
				(Via Philad.)			
P. M.		A. M.			A. M.		P. M
10 40				Ar New York Lv	4 00		
				(Via Tamaqua)			

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent

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THE CENTRE REPORTER.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1 00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

STATE TREASURER:
WILLIAM H. BERRY, Delaware.

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT:
JOHN STEWART, Franklin.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT:
JOHN B. HEAD, Westmoreland.

THE COUNTY TICKET.

SHERIFF: ELLIS S. SHAFFER.
TREASURER: DR. FRANK K WHITE.
REGISTER: HARRY J. JACKSON.
RECORDER: JOHN C ROWE.
COMMISSIONERS: JOHN L. DUNLAP. C. A WEAVER.
AUDITORS: JAMES W. SWABB. S. H. HOY.
CORONER: DR. P. S. FISHER.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. Wm. Meyer and Mrs. Irvin Musser and little son Harold spent a few days last week with relatives here.

Jacob Scholl and daughter, of Williamsport, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kuhn.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Meyer and Mrs. James M. Ross will leave next Wednesday for an extended trip through Virginia, where they will visit relatives.

Joseph Smith, of Freeport, Ill., spent a few days last week visiting friends here.

Alka and Curtin Musser, who have been spending their vacation with their aunt, Mrs. J. H. Ross, left for their home in Braddock on Monday. On their way they will stop a few days in Bellefonte and Altoona.

Miss Ella Ross is spending the week with friends in Bellefonte and Pleasant Gap.

Mrs Catherman and Mary Carper drove to Snyder county last week where they are visiting relatives.

Frank Shafer, accompanied by his mother, wife and children, of Philadelphia, is visiting at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Kate Reily.

Miss Ketura Rider, of Bellefonte, spent last week with her cousin, Mrs. John Diehl.

Jacob Lee and family came up from Milton for a few weeks' visit at his parents' home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McClellan have moved to Clearfield county, where the former is employed by the New York Central railroad as telegraph operator.

A party composed of ten young girls from Boalsburg enjoyed a picnic in the grove near town one day last week. One of the most enjoyable features of the day was boating on the dam south of town.

Miss Sadie Felding spent several days with friends in Altoona last week.

Elmer Bowersox, who for the past six years has been in the employ of the Secret Service department in Porto Rico, is visiting his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Harper spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weaver.

The members of the U. E. church are preparing for a festival at Rock Hill Saturday evening.

Mrs. Mary Wilson is recovering from her recent illness.

John Strong, the stone mason of Potters Mills, is building a cistern for W. A. Catherman.

Mrs. Harriet Long and daughter visited the former's sister, Mrs. Ida McClellan, recently.

Miss Woods, of Clearfield, is visiting Mrs. Alice McGoffin.

Colyer.

Mrs. Levi Stump and granddaughter, Mary Fishburn, of Spring Bank, are spending a week visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. C. C. Gettig, William, Myrtle and Eva Fleisher, all of Pitcairn, are making a two weeks' visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fleisher.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Keller, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday at the home of J. H. Moyer.

Mrs. Maggie Barr and sister, Mrs. Bella Kerstetter, are spending some time at Rebersburg.

Mrs. Lucinda Runkle and daughter Sallie, of Spring Mills, are visiting here.

Harvest Home services at Tusseyville, conducted by Rev. Gress, were largely attended. The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion.

Mrs. Wm. McClellan, of Pleasant Unity, is visiting at the home of Mrs. Joseph McClellan.

Mrs. Peters, of Millheim, spent several days at the home of Geo. Bitner.

Frank Treaster and son Leslie, of Lewistown, spent Sunday here.

Harris Township.

Mrs. Rachel Schaeffer, son Frank and wife with their three little girls are visitors from Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith and Miss Bertha Hoover, of Clearfield, Mrs. Elsie Tauhelm and daughter and Master Marian Lukens, of Altoona, are visiting at the Hoover home, in Shingletown.

Miss Grace Reed, of Huntingdon, visited friends in Boalsburg and vicinity.

Miss Katharine Woods, of Clearfield, whose childhood days were spent in Boalsburg, enjoyed several weeks with Centre county friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Burchfield, of Altoona, are visiting relatives in this place.

Edward Rupp came down from the Mountain City for a short visit among friends in Harris and College townships.

Miss Margaret Mothersbaugh is visiting at Renovo and Williamsport.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Myers and daughter Mabel returned last week from a visit to Altoona.

Mrs. Johnson, of Pleasant Gap, with her grandson, visited her daughter, Mrs. Walker Shutt.

Mrs. Andrew Lytle and daughter, Miss Nell, of State College, spent Sunday in Boalsburg.

F. W. Weber intends leaving some time this week for New Haven, where he will work at cabinet-making.

The social at the home of Amos Koch, Saturday evening was well attended and all present reported a pleastime.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudy and two little boys came from Huntingdon for a few days visit with Mrs. Rudy's sister, Mrs. H. M. Hosterman.

Miss Besse Coxey, of Altoona, and Mrs. Jennie Searson and daughters, of Connellsville, are visiting Mrs. Elizabeth and Mrs. Nannie Coxey.

Mr. and Mrs. George Shuey, of Rock View, were guests at the home of J. A. Rupp on Sunday.

William Everhart, of the Branch, transacted business here on Monday.

The professors of State College who, with their families and visiting friends were camping in Shingletown Gap, returned to their homes Saturday.

Edward Williams, of Boalsburg, who has been working for Edward Sellers proprietor of the Oak Hall foundry, had his right hand caught in a circular saw. Fortunately his fingers were not cut off, but it caused a painful flesh wound, and he will not be able to work for some time.

Millheim.

Friday of last week, Miss Adelia Reighard, who had been spending her vacation here, left for her home in Shamokin.

Miss Bertha Bollinger, of Altoona, is spending some time with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Crist Woodling.

Miss Blanche Hartman returned Saturday from a visit to Miss Cora Brungart, Centre Hall.

Mrs. Jerome Spigelmyer is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Bossler, of Freeburg.

B. F. Kister, an employee on the staff of the Clearfield Republican, spent Sunday with his family.

Miss Margaret Weaver, who had been spending the summer in New York state, arrived Saturday at the home of her mother, Mrs. W. H. Meyers.

Jerome Spigelmyer made a trip to Loganton, where he purchased a fine sorrel mare for livery purposes.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry R. Kister, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with his parents.

Miss Nettie Springer returned to her work in Bellefonte Monday.

Quite a number of Millheim people attended the Business Men's picnic at Hecla, Tuesday.

Mrs. I. B. Lose, of Wilkinsburg, will leave Thursday morning for her home, after spending a few weeks with her parents and friends.

Mrs. Rose Ulrich arrived Monday evening to spend some time at the home of her father, Wm. Maize.

Spring Mills.

Station Agent Campbell and Rev. G. W. McIlnay left for Ocean Grove, where they will attend the campmeeting in session there.

Miss Catharine Allison, of Bellefonte, is visiting at the home of her uncle, Hon. Wm. Allison.

Mr. and Mrs. Eckenroth, of Bellefonte, spent a day last week at the home of John Meyer.

Samuel Sowers, who is home for a short vacation, will have charge of the station during Mr. Campbell's absence.

Mrs. W. S. Smith spent a few days visiting relatives in Port Matilda.

Miss Florida Duck spent Sunday with friends in Sunbury.

Miss Amy Ruhl recently returned from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. Rishel, of Montgomery.

In an interesting game, Saturday, the Spring Mills junior base ball team succeeded in defeating the Georges Valley nine, the score being 14-12. By heavy hitting in the second inning, the former team succeeded in scoring seven runs, and this lead was too much for the latter to recover. The game was by no means errorless, which fact accounts for the score being so large.

LOCALS.

The August term of court convenes Monday.

Fewer gallons; wears longer; Devoe.

Mrs. John Houser, of Nittany Mountain, is ill. During the past few days she was confined to bed.

Several car loads of potatoes have been shipped from Coburn. The price ranged from thirty to thirty-five cents.

Daniel Immel, of Farmers Mills, who had his limb crushed by being struck by a log last May, is reported by Dr. Allison to be able to walk about with the aid of crutches.

The Centre Hall Manufacturing Company and Messrs. Foreman & Smith will have an exhibit of farm machinery, etc., at the Encampment and Exhibition.

Schwenk, the stock dealer, shipped a car load of shoats from the Centre Hall station. When the "grunts" were bought by weight, the prevailing price paid was five and one-half cents. A very fair price, indeed.

Rev. R. Hamill Boal is at the home of his parents, Rev. and Mrs. James W. Boal, in Centre Hall. The young minister is a student at the McCormick Seminary, Chicago. Previously he had been engaged in mission work in North Dakota.

Dr. J. Frank Rein has located at Dubois to practice his profession. Dr. Rein took the state medical examination recently and passed very creditably. He will be remembered as formerly a partial owner and editor of the Millheim Journal.

Charley Runkle is here from Cincinnati where he has been for nearly four years. He will remain until the latter part of September unless he becomes homesick for wife and baby. When he returns to Ohio he will reenter the employment of W. W. Boob, the wheelman.

Mrs. Charles L. Woodling and son Warner, of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Mary Reifsnyder, at Rebersburg. Her son Charles L. Woodling, expects to arrive this (Thursday) and spend his vacation with his mother. He is a buyer for a large furniture establishment in Brooklyn.

A jolly little story by Jeannette Cooper in the September issue of Appleton's Booklovers Magazine is entitled "The Hold-UP." It demonstrates that in even such unusual pursuits as highwaymanship youth is a great bar to success. It requires the weight of years to make a very profound impression.

The roads, speaking in a general way, are in very good condition. The past season has been without the heavy rains, and consequently there have been few washouts of any consequence. The roads in Potter township may be said to be improving—slowly. Even with the added dash and slowly, the remark is made to the credit of the supervisors.

Among the callers Monday were T. F. Farner, of Philadelphia, and Elmer Miller, of near Colyer. Mr. Farner is a railroad mail agent between Philadelphia and New York, a position which he has held and capably filled for several years. He and his family returned to their home beginning of this week. Mr. Miller is a lumberman, and is engaged with the Orwig-Kryder lumber company, at Arbovale, West Virginia, and after a week's stay on the South side he will return to the lumber regions of West Virginia.

Rebersburg.

Henry Gilbert, of Washington, was seen in town one day last week.

Kreamer Gramley, the infant child of Charles Gramley, is ill.

Vin Morris is at present paying a short visit to his parents.

Mrs. Susan Hoy, of State College, spent several days with her sister, Mrs. Harry Corman.

Miss Maude Beck, who is employed in Lock Haven, is home for a few days.

Charles Miller, who had been employed in Pittsburg, returned to his home in this place.

Harry Musser and family, of Williamsport, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Musser's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Corman.

Mrs. Thomas Bierly and sister, Mrs. William Templeton, spent a few days in town last week.

Forest Emerick, of Punxsutawney, was in town Saturday.

Orvis Walker and wife are visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Miss Lola Stover, of Aaronsburg, spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Amy Stover.

Mrs. Forest Ocker and children, of Bellefonte, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bierly.

The Loganton band visited town Saturday evening and rendered some very fine music which was much appreciated by the citizens.

Amon Strayer, of Smullton, with several others, are applying a coat of paint to the United Evangelical church at this place.

Mrs. James P. Frank is confined to her bed, suffering from consumption. There are no hopes for her recovery.

The members of the Lutheran Sunday school will hold a picnic in Aaron Smull's grove, a short distance northwest of this place, on Saturday, 26th inst. All are invited to attend.

Zettle-Grove.

At the home of the bride, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Grove, near Centre Hill, on Sunday 20th inst., Rev. G. W. McIlnay joined in bonds of holy wedlock, Archey W. Zettle, of Penn Hall, and Vera A., the pretty and accomplished daughter of 'Squire and Mrs. Grove. The bride is the eldest of two sisters, and has successfully taught several terms of school and is well and favorably known in this locality. The groom is an industrious young farmer. May they have smooth sailing down the stream of life.

Marriage Licenses.

Robert Woods McCalmont, Rochester, N. Y.
Elsie Maude Weaver, Bellefonte

A. W. Zettle, Penn Hall
Vera A. Grove, Centre Hill

Leonard Messner, Spring Mills
Maria Snyder, Woodward

Charles H. Stover, Bellefonte
Cynthia Hoover, Pleasant Gap

Malon Rentschler, State College
Bess M. Lytle, State College

Robert A. Gardner, Mill Hall
Mary A. Brady, Mill Hall

William E. Garbrick, Nittany
Agnes E. Fisher, Nittany

Robert T. Moffat, Philipsburg
Emma Dixon, Clearfield

Colonel G. Decker, Spring Mills
Gertrude A. Limbert, Spring Mills

They Appeal to Our Sympathies.

The bilious and dyspeptic are constant sufferers and appeal to our sympathies. There is not one of them, however, who may not be brought back to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. These tablets invigorate the stomach and liver and strengthen the digestion. They also regulate the bowels. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Woodward.

Charles Musser and Miss Emma Eberhart spent Sunday at Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Charles Wolfe and family, of Wolfe's Chapel, were in town Sunday.

Calvin Eby and Gilbert Gentzel were to Aaronsburg Sunday.

Miss Minerva Reinhart and Mrs. George Stover were in town one day last week.

Miss Laura Ard, of Philadelphia, is visiting her parents.

Miss Bessie Long is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. D. Bowersox.

Miss Bessie Voneida spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Voneida.

Mrs. Austin Myers, of Coburn, visited friends in town.

'Squire Musser and family were to Aaronsburg a day last week.

Russia has a sneaking idea that peace is cheap at any price.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,

CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in HIGH GRADE . . . MONUMENTAL WORK in all kinds of Marble AND Granite. Don't fail to get my prices

Nothing on the Market Equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This fact is well known to druggists everywhere, and nine out of ten will give their customers this preparation when the best is asked for. Mr. Obe Witmer, a prominent druggist of Joplin, Mo., in a circular to his customers, says: "There is nothing on the market in the way of patent medicine which equals Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. We sell and recommend this preparation." For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

FOR RENT—Blacksmith shop, located in central part of Hublersburg. Good location for good smith. Apply to HOWARD CREAMERY CORP., Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE—Double barrel, harmless gun. Good as new. 12 gauge, 28 inch barrel. P. O. BOX 277, Bellefonte, Pa.

The National Hotel

MILLHEIM, PA.
I. A. SHAWVER, Prop.

First class accommodations for the traveler. Good table board and sleeping apartments. The choicest liquors at the bar. Stable accommodations for horses is the best to be had. Bus to and from all trains on the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad, at Coburn.

SPECIAL ELEVEN-DAY EXCURSION.

To Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, or Long Branch Via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the benefit of those desiring to visit the great Ocean Grove Camp Meeting, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will, on August 25, sell excursion tickets to Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, or Long Branch from stations named below at the very low rates quoted.

These tickets will be good for passage to Philadelphia on train indicated, thence on regular trains leaving Broad Street Station at 12 27, 2 32, 3.30, 4.00, and 4.09 P. M. that day to destination.

	Train Leaves	Rate
Bellefonte	Leave 6:40 A M	$5.75
Lemont	7:02 "	5.50
Oak Hall	7:06 "	5.50
Linden Hall	7:10 "	5.25
Centre Hall	7:22 "	5.25
Rising Spring	7:35 "	4.75
Coburn	7:50 "	4.75
Glen Iron	8:26 "	4.50
Millmont	8:33 "	4.50
Mifflinburg	8:45 "	4.50
Lewisburg	9:05 "	4.50
Philadelphia	Arrive 3:16 P M	

Tickets will be good for return passage on regular trains, except limited express trains, until September 4, inclusive, and will permit of stop-off at Philadelphia within limit returning.

Why not advertise in the Reporter.

THE GREAT HOUSE OF

Kuppenheimer & Co.

CHICAGO

Who Challenge Any Line of Clothing

The Swellest Neck-Wear from J. R. Keiser.

The Newest Styles of HATS, from Guyer and No Name Company.

Straw Hats in all widths of rim and heights of Crown.

Rain Coats and Top Coats.

Suit Cases and Trunks.

Merchant Tailoring Our Specialty

Suits made to order from $15 up.

Summer Goods in all Things that are used by Men and Boys.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Berries Wanted

I will pay the highest prices in Merchandise for

5000 Quarts HUCKLEBERRIES

and 3000 Quarts RASPBERRIES

APPLES and POTATOES

Bought in Large or Small Quantities.

...O. T. CORMAN...

SPRING MILLS

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Renews the hair, makes it new again, restores the freshness. Just what you need if your hair is faded or turning gray, for it always restores the color. Stops falling hair, also. If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	50	Wheat	80
Barley	40	Oats	30
		Corn	60

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	15
Potatoes	—	Eggs	17

DR. SMITH'S SALVE

CURES: Flesh Wounds, Ulcers, Felons, Carbuncles, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, White Swelling, Skin Eruptions, Fever Sores, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns, Bunions, Chapped Hands, Etc., Etc. By Mail, 25c. DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall

STOP THAT COUGH with JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

An almost infallible remedy for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, known and used the world over for almost a century.

HARVEST HOME SERVICES.

Interesting Services of Thankfulness Held in Reformed and Lutheran Churches on Sunday.

The close of the harvest season was fittingly observed by services of thanks and praise in the Reformed church Sunday morning and in the Lutheran church in the evening.

In the former church the harvest sermon was preached by the pastor, Rev. Daniel Gress, who reviewed the favors of Providence in this community during the past year. Rev. J. M. Runkle assisted in the services. An interesting feature was the singing of several motion songs by a class of little girls. The collection, which was for general benevolence, amounted to $45.85. The church was decorated with flowers, grains and fruits, suggestive of the abundance of those things which always make the harvest home service a joyous occasion.

In the Lutheran church the occasion was the Children's Harvest Home Services, in which the participants, except in the singing, were the junior members of the Sunday-school. The recitations and singing by the latter were all that could be desired from children of such tender years. Messrs. Edward Crawford, J. Frank Smith and Samuel Meyer kindly lent their musical talent and did much to make the music enjoyable.

The decorations, while they may be said not to have been elaborate, were exceedingly pretty, and were designed by H. G. Strohmeier. It is due him to say that elegant taste was displayed in forming the figures composing the column of vegetables and fruit.

As a whole these exercises are highly educational and entertaining, and can, and usually do, impress scriptural truths.

Low Temperature.

During Thursday night of last week mercury fell to 47½ degrees—unusually low temperature for this period of the year.

Stover--Hoover.

Saturday evening Charles H. Stover, of Bellefonte, and Miss Cynthia Hoover, of Pleasant Gap, were united in marriage at the Methodist parsonage in Bellefonte. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. Wood Jr.

Sold $108 Worth of Hogs.

James C. Goodhart, of near Centre Hill, sold a fine lot of hogs last week. There were seventeen in the lot, the bunch passing for $108. When weighed they were short one hundred pounds of weighing one ton.

New Fast Line to Birmingham, Ala.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway now operates through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars, daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington to Birmingham, Ala via Richmond, through Virginia, the Carolinas and Georgia, by far, the most attractive route.

In addition to this excellent service another daily train carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars to Atlanta, Ga from which point Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars are operated to Birmingham—Dining Cars serving meals a la carte are handled on all Seaboard through trains. With the Seaboard's new line to Birmingham, passengers from this section are given a most excellent double daily service to the Southwest, as above indicated.

The Seaboard with two trains daily is, also, the shortest and best route to Raleigh, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other points throughout the South Atlantic States.

Write for information as to rates, schedules, etc.

J. J. PULLER, Dist. Pass. Agt.
(c34) 1411 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

LOCALS.

The order of Golden Eagles of Centre County have a day during the Encampment and Exhibition at Centre Hall.

After completing his fourteenth year with the Johnson Harvester Company, Julian Fleming is home and will remain until after the encampment.

If all the digs the Panama Canal is getting in the papers could be applied to the Culebra cut it would soon give way to a water thoroughfare.

John Rossman, an aged citizen of Gregg township living near Penns Cave, is critically ill. His condition is such that recovery is not anticipated.

Mrs. George Breon, of Centre Hall, was taken seriously ill of neuralgia of the heart, the latter part of last week. Her condition is now considerably improved.

Samuel J. Rowe, the all around mechanic, to-day (Thursday) will leave for New York. Before returning he will go to Atlantic City and also spend some time at Philadelphia.

The Reporter is glad to announce that Mrs. J. M. Rearick, who recently underwent an operation at the Medico Chirurgical Hospital, Philadelphia, is improving rapidly. She is able to sit up at times.

Sick headache results from a disordered condition of the stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

DEATHS.

W. HARRISON BLOOM.

W. Harrison Bloom, one of the best known citizens of Ferguson township, died Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at his home in Bloomsdorf. Death was due to dropsy and other ailments after an illness of six months.

The deceased was sixty-five years of age and one of Ferguson township's most progressive farmers. He was married and leaves a wife and seven children, and also two sisters and one brother.

He was a member of the Lutheran church in good standing and always found attending his place of worship when meetings were in progress. He had resided in the house in which he died, his entire life time.

The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon from the Pine Hall church. Interment in the Pine Hall cemetery.

The deceased, December 24, 1867, married Miss Sarah E Carter, of Centre Furnace. Eleven children were born to this union. Politically Mr. Bloom was a straight and stanch Democrat, and socially he was a member of the Grange.

MRS. CAROLINE RUMBERGER.

Mrs Caroline Rumberger died at her home in Philipsburg, of tuberculosis. She was the widow of the late D. S. Rumberger, aged fifty-seven years, and was taken ill almost three months ago with pleurisy which was attended with complications that made recovery an impossibility. Her maiden name was Homan, and she was a native of this county.

Five children survive as follows: Ada, Mrs. Mary Burchfield, Elbie, Kate and Gustavus T. One brother, Samuel Homan, of Fillmore, and two sisters, Mrs. Eckley, of Clearfield, and Mrs. Meckley, of Houserville, also survive.

MRS. SARAH YAKLEY.

Mrs. Sarah Yakley, widow of Isaac Yakley, died at the home of her son, Wilson Yakley, at Benore.

Deceased was one of the best known women in that part of the county and although not unexpected, her death was none the less saddening. She was eighty-one years of age and the mother of thirteen children, only three of whom are living. They are Mrs. Barber Rearick, Wilson Yakley, of Benore, and Mrs. Elizabeth Gearhart, of Tower City. Interment was made in the Pine Hall cemetery.

JOSEPH TIBBENS HECKART.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Heckert, of Morganza, are mourning the death of their little son, Joseph Tibbens, aged eleven months. The death occurred at Morganza, July 29, and interment was made at Georgetown, the former home of the father.

LOCALS.

John Spicher is suffering from an attack of sciatic rheumatism.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Meyer, of Reedsville, are spending a week in Centre Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sellers drove to Centre Hall Sunday and were guests of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Decker, of near Lemont, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Wesley Whitemarsh, last week.

S. K. Emerick, of Fleming, was in town the other day and spent a short time with his brother. Although this is his old home, Mr. Emerick's visits are not very frequent.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Dunkle and daughter Miss Carrie, this week will go to Elmira where they will remain for several weeks the guests of Mrs. H. H. Hess and Louisa Dunkle, daughters of the Dunkles.

The General Hand plum grown by Samuel Gingerich are the finest plums that can be seen anywhere. They are ready sale at twelve cents per quart. Mr. Gingerich sold fully five hundred quarts of plums this season.

A pert young miss is Miss Martha Everhart, of Franklinville, Huntingdon county, who Tuesday returned to her home after spending a week with her cousin, Miss Mary Kennedy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. A. Kennedy, west of Centre Hall. Mrs. C. A. Roshon and sons Allen and Russel, of Johnstown, are also being entertained at the Kennedy home.

A quintette of ladies—refined, handsome, young—all of Shamokin, are stopping at the Centre Hall hotel. They are Misses Marion and Ella Fischer, Laura Evert, Joan Gilger and Sarah Weaver, representing the best families in Shamokin. The Misses Fischer are daughters of Rev. W. E. Fischer, D. D, and the others hail from families of equal prominence. They are here for a good time—in the country, and are having it. The following note was found on the Reporter's desk, and, after making a few deductions, represents the case at hand: "We are all here for our health, and hope to make good in two weeks time; we are hunting men—odd fellows—and our papas know that we are here for that purpose. We are no longer buds, and fear an early frost; we are poor, but excellent cooks; our recommendations are of the best, and there is a meagre and rather miserly prize offered—by our dressmakers—for the first odd sport coming our way."

LOCALS.

The business men's picnic was largely attended by young people from Centre Hall and surroundings.

Mrs. Flora O. Bairfoot has been confined to the house and part of the time to bed during the past week.

Rev. Daniel Gress will go to Adamsburg, Westmoreland county, to spend several weeks. Mrs. Gress and baby are at that place now.

The well on the farm of James I. Lytle, at Earlystown, is being drilled deeper. The work is being done by George Clements.

William H. Keller, of Pittsburg, who had been confined to bed for a number of weeks from an attack of typhoid fever, is now in Ohio to recuperate.

W. A. Sandoe and family, about the latter part of October, will move from Centre Hall to Ingram, a suburb of Pittsburg. They have two sons living in Pittsburg at present.

Mrs. I. V. Musser and son Harold, of West Bridge Water, after spending several months with Merchant W. H. and Mrs. Meyer, parents of the former, returned to their home Tuesday.

The automobilist says the roads are horrid. That may be true, but how much is the same grumbler paying for the improvement of the thorofares which he uses.

Rev. Samuel Barber, wife and six children, of Curwensville, were guests at the Presbyterian Manse the first of this week. Mrs. Barber delighted the congregation at the Presbyterian church Sunday evening by her singing.

Mrs. Bloom and two children are guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. R. G. Allison, in Centre Hall. Mrs. Bloom is the wife of Irvin Bloom, of Lock Haven, an engineer on the Northern Central between Sunbury and Renovo.

Harold Bolce, the eminent writer and student of economics, has an article in the September number of Appleton's Booklovers Magazine in which he claims that it is unnecessary to build the Panama Canal and that the United States will be forced to run it at a loss.

Miss Ida M. Tarbell in the September McClure's smashes the last refuge of those apologists of John D. Rockefeller and his associates who, when the tainted money discussion was rife, cried that if Standard Oil had been an offender once it had now reformed and put itself above reproach.

Mrs. J. D. Murray will accompany her son-in-law, Dr. H. F. Bitner, to Millersville today (Thursday), and from there she and Mrs. Bitner will go to Reading and Philadelphia. When in the latter city they will go to Ardmore to spend a few days with Mrs. William Wolf, a lifelong friend of Mrs. Murray's.

Two recent important business changes at State College was the buying out of the Krumrine Brothers general mercantile store by the Pierce Brothers and the purchase by Luther Fye of the general mercantile store of the Holmes Brothers. The Pierce Brothers have already leased a store room in the new hotel building being erected where they will move their store just as soon as the same is completed.

Ayer's

This falling of your hair! Stop it, or you will soon be bald. Give your hair some Ayer's Hair Vigor. The falling will stop, the hair will

Hair Vigor

grow, and the scalp will be clean and healthy. Why be satisfied with poor hair when you can make it rich?

"My hair nearly all came out. I then tried Ayer's Hair Vigor and only one bottle stopped the falling. Now hair came in real thick and just a little curly."—MRS. L. M. SMITH, Saratoga, N. Y.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Write us for

Thick Hair

For Many Years, No. 34 Temple Place

BOSTON

Has been well and favorably known as a place where honest and conscientious medical advice, correct and scientific treatment, and speedy and permanent cures were assured

Out of this door have walked thousands, in full enjoyment of health and strength, who had been given up as incurable by their family physician.

This fact has made the name and fame of

DRS. F. A. & J. A. GREENE

Known and acknowledged throughout the entire country as most successful physicians in the cure of chronic and nervous diseases.

The doctors are proprietors of the well-known medicine—Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. This famous Cure is compounded and prepared under their own personal supervision and is guaranteed to be fully up to the standard as regards strength, efficiency and excellence.

The public health lectures will be resumed in the fall.

Drs. F. A. and J. A. Greene can be consulted personally or by letter, without charge.

CLEARANCE SALE OF FURNITURE

During Month of August, at the Furniture Store of S. M. Campbell, Millheim—10 to 25 per cent. Discount.

S. M. Campbell, the furniture dealer at Millheim, has begun an August Clearance Sale of furniture, at the reduction of from 10 to 25 per cent. of the regular price. The furniture offered here is not old stock, but the newest of the new, there is not an old piece in sight.

Nor does this sale embrace a single line of articles, but anything in the furniture line—Bed Room outfits, Couches, Golden Oak Sideboards, etc.

Mr. Campbell invites you to call and examine his stock, after which he is sure you will be convinced of the truth of his circulars sent out and the statements made here.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall this week, Friday, August 25.

From Harris Township.

J. Paul Stover and son John are visiting Mrs. Laura Bricker.

Mrs. Eva Fisher, of Bellefonte, is visiting at the home of her father, George Kaup.

LOCALS.

Charles Homan, of Williamsport, is here on a visit to his mother and brothers. Before coming here he spent a week in Atlantic City and Philadelphia. Mr. Homan is engaged in a large department store, and also devotes a portion of his time to ad writing.

The Reporter is indebted to a number of its subscribers for cash during the past week, and among these are Mrs. I. V. Musser, T. F. Farner, Calvin Bottorf, Roland C. Faust, R. H. Goodhart, H. D Rossman, James W. Conley, E. L. Auman, Mrs. Carrie T. Heckert, S. K. Emerick, Mrs. M. Derstine, Dr. H. F. Bitner, Wm. H. Knoffsinger, W. P. Lingle, H. E. Rearick, J. O. Stover, Charles Homan, H. D. Meyer.

LARGEST INSURANCE Agency IN CENTRE COUNTY

H. E. FENLON
Agent
Bellefonte, Penn'a.

The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description. Plate Glass Insurance at low rates

Central State Normal School

LOCK HAVEN, PA.
J. R. Flickinger, Prin.

Fall term of 15 weeks begins September 11th. The facilities at this important school for doing first-class work, professional and academic, were never better than now. Its graduates are required to do a full year's teaching in the training school. Its faculty has the best American and European training. Buildings modern. College Preparatory department. Location unexcelled. Fine Gymnasium. Expense moderate. Free tuition to prospective teachers.

Address for illustrated catolog
THE PRINCIPAL

Uneeda Biscuit

Just the thing for picnics. We handle almost all kinds of the various package goods manufactured by the National Biscuit Co., among which are

ZU ZU - - - 5c a pkg.
A fine ginger snap for general use.
BUTTER THINS - - 10c
Slightly sweetened, can be served with any beverage
Marshmallow Dainties 10
Sweet, served with dessert
Cheese Sandwich 15c
Can be served with salads

A few Summer Goods left which we expect to close out at greatly reduced prices

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect May 28, 1905.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.28 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.09 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.29 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 65. Week days for Emporium, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.29 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD. P M	A M	P M	STATIONS.	P M	A M	EASTWARD. P M
1 38	5 40	5 32	Montandon	8 05	9 15	4 45
1 48	6 50	5 40	Lewisburg	7 55	9 05	4 35
1 55	6 58	5 48	Biehl	6 26	8 58	4 27
2 00	6 42	5 52	Vicksburg	6 20	8 53	4 22
2 10	6 50	6 00	Mifflinburg	6 10	8 45	4 14
2 23	7 02		Millmont		8 33	4 02
2 32	7 09		Glen Iron		8 26	3 54
3 04	7 40		Paddy Mountain		8 00	3 25
3 15	7 50		Coburn		7 50	3 15
3 21	7 57		Zerby		7 43	3 06
3 31	8 06		Rising Springs		7 35	2 58
3 37	8 11		Penn Cave		7 28	2 51
3 44	8 18		Centre Hall		7 22	2 44
3 50	8 24		Gregg		7 17	2 38
3 57	8 31		Linden Hall		7 10	2 31
4 01	8 35		Oak Hall		7 06	2 26
4 05	8 39		Lemont		7 02	2 22
4 09	8 43		Dale Summit		6 57	2 17
4 18	8 52		Pleasant Gap		6 48	2 08
4 21	8 55		Axemann		6 45	2 05
4 25	9 00		Bellefonte		6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.05 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Week Days.

EASTWARD. 6	4	2	STATIONS.	1	3	WESTWARD. 5
PM.	P. M	A M	Ar. Lv.	A M.	A M	PM
6 30	12 50	8 50	....Bellefonte....	6 30	10 15	3 00
6 10	12 40	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 35	10 29	3 07
6 07	12 37	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 38	10 23	3 12
6 03	12 35	8 35	.....Stevens.....	6 43	10 27	3 17
6 00	12 31	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 46	10 30	3 21
5 55	12 28	8 28	..... Fillmore.....	6 50	10 34	3 26
5 50	12 24	8 24	.....Briarly.....	6 55	10 40	3 32
5 45	12 20	8 20	.....Waddles.....	7 00	10 45	3 35
5 27	12 07	8 07	.....Krumrine.....	7 12	10 57	3 50
5 20	12 00	8 00	...State College..	7 25	11 10	4 05
4 30		7 45	.....Struble.....	7 27		4 10
4 25		7 40	....Bloomsdorf....	7 31		4 15
4 20		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		4 20

A little forethought may save you no end of trouble. Anyone who makes it a rule to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand knows this to be a fact. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

32nd . . .
Encampment and Exhibition
of the
Patrons of Husbandry of Central Penn'a
Grange Park, Centre Hall, Pa.
September 16 to 22, inclusive

Encampment Opens September 16
Exhibition Opens Monday, Sept. 18

The largest and best fair in Central Pennsylvania, by farmers and for farmers. Twenty-eight acres devoted to camping and exhibition purposes. Ample tent accommodations for all desiring to camp.

A large display of farm stock and poultry, farm implements, fruits, cereals, and every production of farm and garden.

The Pennsylvania State College will make a large display of the work of the College and State Experiment Station.

ADMISSION FREE

GEO. DALE
J. S. DAUBERMAN
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Chairman

Cut Prices IN Shoes & Oxfords

We have a lot of Summer Shoes and Oxfords on hand that must be sold to make room for fall stock and in order to do so we have reduced the prices.

$3.25 Oxfords Now $2.50

Shoes reduced to lower Prices.

Kreamer and Son
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Shoes at Reduced Rates

In order to make room for Fall and Winter stock, we will sell all Summer Shoes at reduced rates. We have a fine lot embracing the well known Freed Bros., Douglass, etc., Come and examine them. Our loss is your gain.

$3.00 & $1.50 SHOES ARE NOW $2.75 & $1.25
$1.50 LADIES' OXFORDS NOW $1.00

F. E. WIELAND, Linden Hall

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WHITE LILLY FLOUR and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

TWO SCHOOLS.

I put my heart to school
In the world where men grow wise.
"Go out," I said, "and learn the rule;
Come back when you win the prize."

My heart came back again.
"And where is the prize?" I cried.
"The rule was false, and the prize was pain,
And the teacher's name was Pride."

I put my heart to school
In the woods where wild birds sing
In the fields where flowers spring,
Where brooks run cool and clear,
And the blue of heaven bends near.
"Go out," I said, "you are only a fool,
But perhaps they can teach you here.

"And why do you stay so long,
My heart, and where do you roam?"
The answer came with a laugh and a song,
"I find this school is home."
—Henry van Dyke in Atlantic Monthly.

GRANDFATHER'S PANTHER STORY.

BY C. A. STEPHENS.

Grandfather used to tell us the following story of an adventure he had with a panther when a boy.

He never speaks of a panther, though. Catamount is his name for the creature; though sometimes, when he is talking with any of the old hunters and trappers, they speak of it as the "Indian devil." That was the name the first settlers here gave it, because the Indians used to have such a dread of it. But it's all the same thing. Catamount, "Indian devil," cougar, and puma, all mean panther, and a still more general name for it in this country is the North American tiger.

I suppose one reason why it has so many names is because it differs in color and size through different latitudes of the continent. Along the northern portions of the United States and in Canada it is of a maltese gray, fading into white upon the under parts of the body. But farther south the fur takes a sunny tint growing tawny in the Southern States. While still farther down, in Mexico and South America, it becomes spotted and mottled, like the tiger and leopard, and the people here call it the jaguar. In California they have named it "the Californian lion." And up in Oregon and Washington they have "a purple panther," at least they say so.

"It was in the year 1812," as grandfather tells it. "I was nothing but a boy at that time, and the country was all new around here. My father had moved up two years before, and had got a clearing of some fifty acres made, and a frame house up. There was but one family nearer than the settlement in the lower part of the township, where the village is now. Jeremy Edwards had come up the year before father, and felled the trees across the stream there, where Edwardses live now.

"In 1812 was Jim Madison's war—with England. They didn't volunteer then; troops had to be raised by draft. Father and Edwards were both drafted. I well remember the night they were summoned. Terrible time among the homefolks! Mother and Mrs. Edwards and the girls cried all night. But there was no help for it. There was no such things as substitutes then. They had to go the next morning, and leave us to take care of ourselves the best we could up here in the wilderness.

"Little Johnny Edwards—old Uncle Jack, as they call him now—was just about my age—let's see we were fourteen then—and the men away, everything depended on us. Those were tough times; we had something to do, I tell you. But we used to change works, as we called it, so as to be together as much as we could for it was rather lonesome planting and hoeing off in the stumpy, sprouted clearings. Ah! that was a long, anxious Summer. He was somewhere on Lake Champlain. But the weeks dragged by, and cold weather came on.

"We were getting things fixed up to pass the Winter as well as we could, when one night about the first of November, Johnny came running over to ask if we had seen anything of Brindle, the cow. It had been a bright Indian Summer day, and they had turned her out to browse, but she hadn't come up as usual, and was nowhere in sight. It was already dusk, but taking the old gun we started together, and hunted both clearings well over. Brindle was certainly not in the cleared land.

"Have to give her up tonight, Johnny," said I. "But I'll go with you in the morning. She's lost in the woods, or hedged up somewhere, among windfalls. We heard the lucivees crying, and as we went back along saw a bear digging ground-nuts under a rook. Although these were common enough sounds and sights in those days, still we didn't care to go off into the forest after dark.

"It snowed during the night, several inches. But Johnny was over early. Brindle hadn't come in. He had brought his gun and taken Gub along (Gub was Johnny's dog), and we now started off for a thorough hunt in the woods.

"How queer everything looked that morning—so thick and white and ghostly! The snow had lodged upon all the trees, especially the evergreens, bending down the branches, and every stump and bush was wreathed in blinding white. As the cows used frequently to follow up the valley to northward, we entered it and kept on to where it opens out upon the Sachem's Pond, at the foot of the Great Crag, which rises right up from the water's edge some two hundred feet, a sheer precipice, naked and rocky, with just a footway between it and the pond which is very deep off there. About the pond and the crag the trees are mostly low black spruces. This morning they looked like white tents lined with black, in infinite multitudes. And this appearance, with the ground all white, and the not yet frozen water looking black as ink, made everything appear so strange that, although we had several times been there before, we now scarcely knew the place.

"As yet we had seen no trace of Brindle. But just as we came out on the pond at the foot of the crag we heard a fox bark, quite near at first, then at a distance; we had startled him suddenly. Gub sprang ahead among the snowy spruces, but came back in a few moments, and looking up into our faces, whined and ran on again. 'He's found something!' exclaimed Johnny.

"We hurried in on his track, and a few rods farther up saw him standing still sniffing at something, and there, under a thin covering of snow, near the water, lay old Brindle torn and mangled and partially eaten. A feeling of awe crept over us at the sight.

"'Dead!' whispered Johnny.

"'Something's killed her!' I whispered back.

"There were fresh fox-tracks all around, and the carcass had been recently gnawed in several places. Some transient little Reynard had been improving the chance to steal a breakfast. But what savage beast had throttled old Brindle and torn her to pieces? No bear nor lucivee had done it. It was not their work, we well knew—some stronger and fiercer unknown animal.

"Not a sound, not a breath of air to stir the loaded boughs, and the wild gray face of the precipice towering above us seemed to grow more terrible in the stillness.

"But looking more closely, we now discerned, partially obscured by the more recent snowflakes, some broad heavy footprints, larger than old Brindle's hoof, going off along the narrow path between the crag and the pond. With a sort of fascinated curiosity we began stealing on tiptoes, from one to another of these, Gub keeping close to us and glancing up beseechingly in our faces. At the distance of a few rods the tracks stopped all at once. Beyond a certain point there were no footmarks. Gub whined, almost getting under our feet in his efforts to keep near us. Instinctively our eyes wandered up the rock beside us. But ere we had seen the spectacle there, a cry—a shrill, piercing screech—broke the stillness, and lo! on a jutting rock, full twenty feet above us and in the very attitude of springing, crouched a large gray creature, its claws working on the bare rock, its ears laid back and its long tail switching to and fro with a restless, dangerous motion. One momentary glance! Then came another scream; and we felt, rather than saw, that the fierce creature had sprung—and was in the air. In that second we also sprang backward, frenziedly, falling over each other and sprawling on the snowy rocks. There was a heavy pounce down in the path before us, a yell of agony from Gub and a loud growl, with a noise of grappling.

"Poor Gub had been the victim. Scrambling to our feet, we saw the animal leap upward, back to the top of the rock, at one spring; where again grappling and gathering up the dog in his mouth it bounded up to another rock. Then, going up the crag, it leaped upon a projecting ledge, along which it ran to a great cleft or cavern, a hundred feet above the path, in the mouth of which it disappeared with its prey. It had all been so sudden and so appalling that for some moments we stood bewildered and staring at the spot. Then remembering our danger, caught up our unused guns and turned to run from the fearful place, when another wild scream rooted us to the path, and looking up we beheld the catamount glaring down at us from the mouth of its den, and running along the ledge to the point where it had sprung up.

"Frightened as we were, we still had sense enough to know that it was of no use to run. From his lofty perch the panther crouched, switching his tail and eyeing us much as a cat might watch a couple of mice. For some moments we stood perfectly motionless. As long as we kept still the monster remained watching, but the moment we started, he would rise and poise himself to spring down, growling fretfully at the least movement. If we ran, he would bound down and overtake us in no time. If we fired our old guns at him he would spring instantly, and unless fatally wounded make short work of us.

"'Oh, what can we do!' whispered Johnny, as we shrank, shivered there beneath those savage eyes, which never for a moment left us.

"We had but one hope, if we didn't move, he might go back to eat Gub, in his den.

"But no, he liked the looks of us too well for that. One or both of us he was bound to have, and like all cat creatures, he loved to watch his prey. I don't know how long we stood there, but it seemed hours, and we grew desperate and fairly reckless in our terror.

"'I am going to fire—may as well,' muttered Johnny at last. I was coming to think so too. Slowly we raised our rusty old flint-shot. They were well charged with buck-shot—if they would only go off. The panther growled, seeing the movement, and started up, but we pulled the triggers. They both went off. There was a loud scream of pain or rage. We sprang away down the path, but glancing over our shoulders, beheld him struggling and clinging to a lower rock, upon which he had jumped or fallen from the ledge above.

"'He is hit! we did hit him!' exclaimed Johnny, and pausing in our headlong flight we turned to watch him. For a long time he clung there, writhing up and falling back, and tearing at his wounds. Shriek after shriek echoed on the black mountain across the pond, and we could see the blood trickling down over the edge of the rock. Oh! it was a fearful sight. But he grew weaker at length, and by and by fell down to another rock, where, after fainter struggles and cries, he finally stretched out—dead, no doubt. But we loaded again and gave him another round. The fur flew up from the carcass, but there was no further movement. Gub and Brindle were avenged—as much as they could be, though it was a long time before the Edwardses ceased to lament the slaughter made by the catamount.

"We were up at the crag several times during the Winter. A mass of gray fur was still lying on the rock, fifty or sixty feet above the path. And for years after we used to see the white skeleton up there, a reminder of our narrow escape."—Our Young Folks.

DELICATE FLOWERS AS FOODS.

Made Into Salads, Jellies, Curries—Cloves and Capers.

Though the fact is well known that flowers are used extensively as medicine, it may come as a surprise to many that tons of delicate flowers are regularly used as food, says the South China Post.

In many parts of India the flowers of a saponaceous tree, Bassia latifolia, or mahwah, form a really important article of diet. These blossoms, which are succulent and very nourishing and numerous, fall at night in large quantities from the trees and are gathered early in the morning and eaten raw. They have a sweet, but sickly taste and odor. They are likewise dried in sun and sold in the bazaars. The Bheels dry them and store them as a staple article of food.

An ardent spirit like whisky is distilled from these flowers and is consumed in large quantities by the natives of Guzerat, etc.; sweetmeats are also made of them. A single tree affords from two to four hundred pounds of blossoms. In Malabar and Mysore another species of the tree abounds, the flowers of which are used in a simlar manner by the natives.

The flowers of the Judas tree have an agreeable acrid taste and are sometimes mixed with salads or made into fritters with batter, and the flower buds are pickled with vinegar. The flowers of the American species are used by the French Canadians in salads and pickles. The flowers of the Abutilon esculentum are used in Brazil as boiled vegetables. The flowers of the horseradish tree are eaten by the natives of India in their curry.

The young caices of Dillenia scarabella and D. speciosia, which are swollen and fleshy, have a pleasantly acid taste, and are used by the inhabitants of Chittagong and Bengal in their curries and also for making jellies. The large, showy flowers of the nasturtium are frequently used along with the young leaves in salad. They have a warm taste, not unlike that of the common cress, and it is from this similarity that the plant has gained the name of nasturtium.

The hill people of India are fond of the flowers of the rhododendron arboreum, and even Anglo-Europeans use them for making jelly. Yet poisonous properties are ascribed to the species of this genus, and it has been said that the R. ponticum was the plant from whose flowers the bees of Pontus gathered the honey which produced the extraordinary symptoms of poisoning described as having attacked the Greek soldiers in the famous retreat of the Ten Thousand.

The flower clusters of the cauliflower, which form themselves into a firm cluster or head, varying from four to eight or more inches across, become the edible portion of one of the greatest of vegetable delicacies. In this it differs greatly from all other members of the cabbage family, whose leaves and stalks are used for culinary purposes.

The flower buds of the Capparis spinosa, a plant which grows on the walls in southern Europe, are commonly known as caper. These are chiefly imported from Cicily, though the plant is largely cultivated in some parts of France. The cloves of commerce are the unexpanded buds of Caryophyllus aromaticus, a small evergreen, native of the Moluccas, but cultivated in many parts of the East and West Indies.

The most interesting thing about a Russian cruiser's stopping a British ship in the Red Sea is that there is a Russian cruiser left, thinks the New York World.

PRETTY MERMAIDS' ENTERTAINMENT.

At a mermaids' carnival, the walls of the rooms were of a delicate shaded green with a dado of sea grasses and mosses, while the ceiling was a dream of sea shell tints. Sea mosses were fastened on flimsy lace curtains.

Hanging from the chandeliers were dozens of tiny scallop shells in pairs, suspended by narrow sea-green ribbon. Other groups of shells were fastened with loops of ribbons to the draperies.

The rambling studio was given over to fancy articles which were offered for sale. There were pin trays fashioned from handsome shells, with a shirring of ribbon around the edge; pin balls which were made by inserting a little cushion of pink velvet between a pair of small scallops and shell jewel cases. There were pen wipers of chamois skin and needlebooks with shell covers.

Several pairs of large shells were utilized as covers for dainty homemade cook books, continues the Indianapolis News. One novelty consisted of a number of quotations from Scripture and poetry lettered on creamy linen paper inserted between a pair of shells, all the quotations bearing on the sea. There were other shells with blank pages within arranged for addresses, visits, records of books read, entertainments attended and memoranda.

Small silken bags were arranged in some of the shells. These were to be utilized for a variety of purposes. Some fine views taken by an amateur photographer were neatly mounted and fashioned by a pair of shells.

The menu was served in shells and consisted of:

Clam bouillon, fish souffle baked in scallop shells, cream sandwiches, olives, salted nuts, fish salad, salted wafers, ices in the form of sea shells, cakes iced in green, coffee.

The dining room was a symphony of silver and green. Asparagus ferns and feathery grasses were festooned from the corners and sides to the center of the room, where they culminated in a graceful mass of greens. There was a miniature lake in the center of the table, banked with moss and feathery brasses. Green candles in silver sticks with silver and green shade shed a soft light over the table.

The receiving hostesses were veritable sea nymphs in their pale green tulle or mull frocks and delicate coral and silver girdles and necklaces.

HOUSE GOWNS.

Among the luxuries of this season, says the Rochester Post-Express, are the house gowns of lace and muslin—lingerie gown so-called—that have made their appearance in such quantities this year. Dotted Swiss, embroidery batiste, English open work embroidery, and all-over lace form the basis of these gowns, which are most exquisite in appearance and extremely costly. The lace entredeux is used on all the different materials, while the rows of hemstitching taken in connection with the lace give a light and airy appearance. The batiste in its natural color—which is a paler tint than pongee, but of the same hue—seems especially in demand. It is trimmed with lace, either wide or of the same coloring, and then ribbons of some becoming color are seen in the girdle or sash; for sashes are much in fashion and both plain and figured ribbons are used.

Such gowns require further expense on account of the petticoats to be worn with them. These must needs be made up with falls and ruffles of embroidery and lace, and yet the whole effect is so satisfactory and the gown so useful that most women think it best to economize in some other direction and to have this gown the principle one of the wardrobe.

Tea gowns are indescribably attractive, and while those intended for winter can be made of heavier fabric and more elaborately trimmed, they are not more expensive nor smarter than are those for summer. Again, lace and embroidery must needs be used, and the amount that can be used is almost incalculable. A long loose coat fitted in at the back and with straight front is the effect given at first glance at many of the newest models. The gown itself is made of flounces and ruffles of lace or muslin, as the case may be, so that the coat opens over a front of the lace.

THE EXTRA STITCHES.

Two young girls were engaged in stitching flannel dresses for the poor of the parish.

"Now we have completed our garments, our work is finished for this season at least," said one of the two girls, with a sigh of relief.

"No, no; wait a moment; just a few moments more," replied the other; and going into an inner room, she returned with some skeins of crimson silk, and a few knots of ribbon and lace.

"Why, what are you doing?" asked her companion with surprise, as the deft fingers swiftly fashioned a dainty edging of crimson silk, frilled in the soft lace at neck and sleeves, and fastened on the bright ribbons here and there.

"These extra stitches take just a moment," was the answer, given with a blush, "and I want to make the dress pretty for some mother's baby."

As the great pile of dresses was distributed to the needy that cold winter one hard-visaged woman burst into tears and hid her face in the folds of a little dress trimmed with lace and ribbons. "Oh, to think of some one doing this for my poor baby! I didn't think anybody cared!" she sobbed.

"God cares for you and your baby," said the reverent voice of the pastor who had long sought an opportunity to reach this hardened heart, and for the first time the woman was willing to listen to the sweet, old story. Does this not teach us to perform beyond the rigid call of simple duty? The extra stitches are surely the threads of gold that beautify and enrich the dull, dark fabric of our too often careless and indifferent charity.—New York Observer.

PLAIN ECRU LACE BLOUSE.

Although public sentiment run high regarding the separate waist, it is not yet to be discarded. For every possible occasion, excepting, of course, the formal affairs, they are worn with grace and becomingness. Much has been done and said to oust the blouse from its present position, but so far nothing real serious has happened in that direction. For informal luncheons, teas, etc., there is nothing prettier than a fancy blouse of lace or chiffon. Women who wear suits of coat and skirt must wear a waist, and they generally choose these of entirely different material than that of which the suit is made. The lace blouses this year are what could be desired, and the workmanship displayed on them is quite beyond description.

All-over lace of a deep ecru shade is made over a white satin, and is generally trimmed with a delicate color of panne velvet. All sorts of buttons are used as a decoration, and those which are hand-painted are among the prettiest of the season. A majority are made perfectly plain and are completely minus plaits, shirrs, tucks, etc. Some women prefer them over colors. In that case handsome effects are achieved with the new dark shades of lace over a faint pink and blue lining, which are trimmed with strappings of the same color of satin velvet or ribbon.

Some chiffon blouses are created so deftly that one actually wonders if this is modern or ancient times, when the fairies made robes of spung gold in a single night. Marvelous handiwork is executed on some of these separate waists, and although they are not quite so popular as they might be, many fashionable women are retaining these "comforts" as they term them. Black waists of net, heavily spangled, are also popular, and for evening wear nothing prettier could be worn than these, which are very plain excepting the spangled design. In some of these the lining only extends to the shoulder and the sleeves are unlined. In that way an extremely becoming waist is accomplished, and one which is appropriate for almost any occasion.

WOMEN AS BREADWINNERS.

There is a woman who is a successful jockey.

Another who is an intrepid deep-sea diver.

Another who is a successful gold-prospector.

Another who is a railway constructor and President of the road.

Another who, though but nineteen years old, is a marine observer on an island off Cape Cod.

Another who is harbor mistress of Tacoma.

Another who is keeper of Point Pinas lighthouse at Monterey, Cal.

Another who farms a Texas ranch 2,000 square miles in area.

Another who farms frogs in Jersey and clears $1,500 a year by the enterprise.

Another who is a capable gravedigger.

Another who is a professional nutcracker.—Boston Traveler.

REAL ELIXIR OF LIFE.

Contentment is the real elixir of life. It is the real fountain from which flow the waters of perennial youth. Sometimes it costs an effort, a tremendous effort, to say it is all right, but the man or woman who can say it is much better off for thus looking at the sunny side of the world than the person who harbors a grievance against all mankind and walks through the world burdened with the somber thoughts of his disappointments. The discontented perhaps never stop to think how much worse off they could be; that no matter how few their pleasures there are those in the world who have fewer or none at all. That, given health and strength and the full possession of the senses, they are advantaged and blessed in the race of existence.—Indianapolis News.

Boston reports that a fisherman found a valuable diamond ring in a flounder. One must have some excuse for fishing for flounders.

Horse ambulances are still a "crying need" in London.

TO CLEAN BRASS.

To clean very dirty brass, scrub with a nailbrush, dipped in powdered bath-brick dust and paraffin. Even the most tarnished brass can be cleaned in this way. Polish with the dry dust and a soft duster.

FURNISHING THE KITCHEN.

In furnishing a kitchen one may make the mistake of having too many utensils and too many patented contrivances. The average servant girl, who is only used to the simplest and most ordinary utensils at home, will invariably leave the patented things on the shelf and use any common makeshift.

THE BEDROOM.

Now that all wash goods are offered for sale, the shopper is tempted to purchase lengths of flowered organdie or dimity for bedroom curtains. A charming cottage bedroom, hung with a wallpaper all huge yellow roses, was made still more charming by curtains of organdie in which the yellow rose design was repeated, but in much paler tones. In fact, the effect was as if the roses on the walls cast their shadows on the sheer white curtains. The idea is worth studying and adapting to other flower rooms.

REMOVING INK STAINS.

Ink stains may be removed from white goods with lemon and salt. Cover the stain with fine salt, squeeze the lemon juice on it, and rub between the hands. A second application will be necessary when the ink is obstinate. Ink may be removed successfully from colored clothes by soaking them in sweet milk. Mildew will usually disappear if soaked in sour milk, and then washed in the usual manner. Chloride of lime will also remove mildew stains, but it must be well diluted and carefully used.—The Pilgram.

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING.

Good housekeeping is surely an art, for besides seeing that every room in the house is perfection in every detail, window curtains always fresh and clean, floors spotless, not a fleck of dust anywhere, everything at hand for the toilet—the service must be faultless, your maid in a neat black gown, white apron, stiff white collar and cuffs, her manner deferential when she opens the door for you or waits upon you at the table.

The cooking, of course, has to be delicious, the kind that melts in your mouth, the washing must be unquestionable, and the ironing a picture in itself. All these things and many more are simply parts of good housekeeping, and if a woman is able to carry on and control a house of her own in the right kind of way, her work is inferior to no man's and she deserves just as much credit and oftentimes a great deal more.—American Cultivator.

RECIPES.

Chicken Rolls.—Melt four tablespoonfuls of butter, add a pinch of salt, a little pepper and two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice. Mix with this one cupful of minced chicken; add one-third cupful of milk and thicken with a little flour. Mould into rolls or croquettes and fry in hot fat. Serve with a white sauce seasoned with lemon juice.

An Excellent Ice.—Here is an excellent ice. Slice bananas and sprinkle the slices with lemon juice. Place on the ice for an hour, then mash with a wooden spoon, and stir into the mixture three-quarters of a cup of powdered sugar and the beaten whites of two eggs. Freeze for five minutes, and add a pint, more or less, of whipped cream, and a cupful of chopped English walnuts, from which the skins have been removed.

A Tomato Dish.—An Italian dish of tomatoes is described in Good Housekeeping. Select not too ripe tomatoes and cut off about a quarter of an inch from the blossom end, using a very sharp knife. Scoop out part of the pulp and fill the tomato cup with well-washed and soaked rice, in which has been mixed a little chopped parsley, a pinch of several pungent herbs, salt, red pepper and a good portion of olive oil. Bake the tomatoes in a deep baking dish in seasoned olive oil, two-thirds of a cup to nine tomatoes. Cook in a moderate oven until the rice is quite tender, and the skins of the tomatoes begin to wrinkle. Serve hot with a little of the oil in which they were baked.

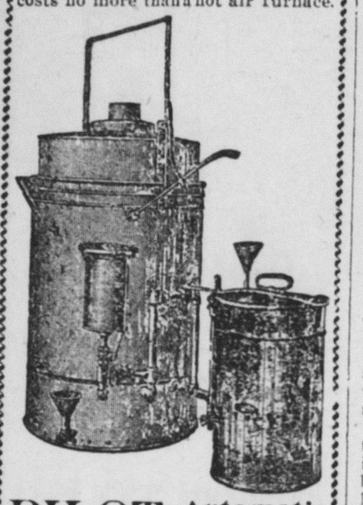
Rich Sago Pudding.—Here is a recipe for the favorite pudding of a housekeeper of the last generation, who served it to her family after the simple Sunday dinner customary in her day: Soak six heaping teaspoonfuls of sago in a quart of sweet milk for five hours. Then add a quart of boiling milk. Cook till soft. Beat the yolks of six eggs in a pudding dish with a teacup of sugar and a little nutmeg. Then when the sago is soft stir it into the eggs and sugar. Bake twenty minutes. After the pudding has been set away to cool beat up the whites of the six eggs until they are a stiff froth and fold into them three tablespoonfuls of sugar. Spread this meringue over the top of the pudding and brown it in the oven. A little jelly is sometimes spread over the pudding before adding the meringue.

Gas Light for Country Homes.

Small country homes, as well as large ones, may be lighted by the best light known—**ACETYLENE GAS**—it is easier on the eyes than any other illuminant, cheaper than kerosene, as convenient as city gas, brighter than electricity and safer than any.

No ill-smelling lamps to clean, and no chimneys or mantels to break. For light cooking it is convenient and cheap.

ACETYLENE is made in the basement and piped to all rooms and out-buildings. Complete plant costs no more than a hot air furnace.



PILOT Automatic Generators

make the gas. They are perfect in construction, reliable, safe and simple.

Our booklet, **"After Sunset,"** tells more about **ACETYLENE**—sent free on request.

Dealers or others interested in the sale of **ACETYLENE** apparatus write us for selling plan on **PILOT Generators** and supplies—it is a paying proposition for reliable workers.

ACETYLENE APPARATUS MFG. CO.,
157 Michigan Avenue, CHICAGO, ILL.

Infant Monstrosities.

The so-called "man-boys" are characterized by extraordinary development in infancy. In respect to mere physical growth history gives us many instances of rapid development. We read in the "Natural History" of Pliny that Euthimedes had a son who grew to four and one-half feet in three years.

Phlegon says that Craterus, the brother of King Antigorus, was an infant, a young man, a matured man, an old man and married and a father before he was 8 years old. It is also recorded that King Louis II. of Hungary was born so long before his time that he had no skin, was crowned in his second year, reigned in his tenth year, had a full beard in his fourteenth year, married in his fifteenth year, was gray at 18 and died at 20.—New York Sun.

A Maid of Honor in Fact.

The late Lady Bloomfield was a maid of honor and published a book of reminiscences relating some very intimate incidents of her years at court. The result, the London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian tells, was that the queen forbade her ladies to keep dairies while they were in waiting, and from that rule grew one of the neatest repartees that the heart of the profesional diarist could desire. A young lady who had just been appointed a maid of honor was receiving congratulations at a party, and her host said: "What an interesting journal you can keep!" The girl told him that journal keeping was forbidden, and the answer was: "But I think I should keep one all the same." "Then," said the girl, "whatever you were you would not be a maid of honor."

WRONG SORT

Perhaps Plain Old Meat, Potatoes and Bread May Be Against You For a Time.

A change to the right kind of food can lift one from a sick bed. A lady in Welden, Ill., says:

"Last spring I became bedfast with severe stomach trouble accompanied by sick headache. I got worse and worse until I became so low I could scarcely retain any food at all, although I tried every kind. I had become completely discouraged, had given up all hope and thought I was doomed to starve to death, till one day my husband trying to find something I could retain brought home some Grape-Nuts.

"To my surprise the food agreed with me, digested perfectly and without distress. I began to gain strength at once, my flesh (which had been flabby) grew firmer, my health improved in every way and every day, and in a very few weeks I gained 20 pounds in weight. I liked Grape-Nuts so well that for 4 months I ate no other food. And always felt as well satisfied after eating as if I had sat down to a fine banquet.

"I had no return of the miserable sick stomach nor of the headaches that I used to have when I ate other food. I am now a well woman, doing all my own work again, and feel that life is worth living.

"Grape-Nuts food has been a godsend to my family; it surely saved my life and my two little boys have thriven on it wonderfully." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Frank B. Wickersham, grand regent of Royal Arcanum, has named this committee to represent Pennsylvania's plans for new rates to the Supreme Council at Put-in-Bay: S. W. Thompson, Carlisle; W. C. Bates, Bethelem; F. T. McCollom, Oil City; William Wilhelm, Pottsville, and V. W. Quigel, Williamsport.

George H. Thompson, city passenger agent of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad, aged 33, died of pneumonia after an illness of but a few days.

While dusting the furniture in the parlor at her home in Hellertown, Mrs. Benjamin Bergstresser was sticken with heart disease and fell dead.

Miss Annie Swanger, a prepossessing young resident of North Wales, has disappeared, and fears are entertained that harm has befallen her.

Sylvester Lentz, a glass blower, of Beaver Falls, started out to hunt ground hogs. Two of his children accompanied him. After lifting the children from the carriage Lentz reached for his shotgun, but as he pulled it toward him the trigger struck the wheel and it was discharged, the contents entering his left side, just below the heart. He was instantly killed. Lentz was 54 years old and is survived by his wife and twelve children.

Work on the Franklin and Clearfield Railroad was begun by the Miller Construction Company, of Lock Haven, which has the contract for thirty-one miles of the line.

Nine-year-old Mary Rodiski, of Scranton, will likely die as the result of her injuries alleged to have been inflicted by a woman who lives near by. The little girl was received at the West Side Hospital with a three-pronged table fork protruding from her head, where it is alleged it was thrust by the woman, as a result of a children's quarrel. The fork pierced the skull. The police have not been able to find the one accused.

By a deal completed within the last few days, 3000 acres of coal lands, said to be the richest in the bituminous regions, have been brought by J. L. Mitchell and Rembrandt Peale, of Philadelphia, from the Kennedy Coal and Coke Co., at Thomas Mills, ten miles from Johnstown. In this tract there are 3000 acres, and the price paid by the purchasers was $600,000. J. Blair Kennerly, of Philadelphia, and others have purchased the property of the Valley Stone and Coal Co., of Johnstown, dealers in coal. The latter tract comprises 800 acres and brought $450,000.

Morris Kauffman, aged 21 years, of Pittsburg, fell down an elevator shaft and was killed at the new Capitol, where he was employed as a tin roofer.

The York County Executive Committee of the Prohibition party was reorganized with these members: Rev. H. H. Trumpfeller, William Gemmil, Wm. Patrick, Rev. Charles D. Parker, H. A. Johnson, Ada V. Snyder, H. H. Buttorff, Rev. Charles Newcomb, Edward Darone, Rev. J. L. Grim, Rev. A. Williams and J. S. Billet. W. M. Manifold is chairman.

Prof. Walter E. Dengler, who has been principal of the High School in Kennett Square for the past seven years, has resigned to accept a position as teacher of English in a Philadelphia school.

Prof. J. E. Sones, a one-time principal of the Pinegrove High School, and later assistant to the principal in the Schwab School, Weatherly, has been elected principal of the Cressona Schools.

Judge A. W. Ehrgood has handed down a decree declaring a nuisance the large fertilizing plant operated by Daniel Levan, at Hebron, and ordering its abatemen by August 28. The American Iron and Steel Company, who maintain dwelling houses for their men in that vicinity, brought the suit, and over 200 witnesses were heard. The case will be taken to the Supreme Court.

Fred R. Bartles, supervisor of the Pennsylvania division of the New York Central Railroad, has tendered his resignation and will go to Panama as assistant engineer. Mr. Bartles is a native of Williamsport and a graduate of Lehigh University.

A cow belonging to John C. Walter, of Biglerville, died under such peculiar circumstances that a post-mortem examination was made by a veterinarian. The autopsy revealed the fact that the animal had swallowed a piece of fence wire about 8 inches in length, which had pierced the heart.

During a storm the barn of John Krummell, at Canadensis, was struck by lightning and destroyed by the fire. Four horses were killed.

Stanley Frantz, son of Chester Frantz, principal of the Catasauqua public schools, and Miss Mabel Koch, daughter of John Koch, of the same place, have announced that they were married in the Little Church Around the Corner in New York city, while they both were attending an excursion to that city some time ago. Their reason for this, it is said, was because they feared their parents' objections.

Paul L. Lengle, of Reading, has bought of James Mellen, of Philadelphia, and George W. Cosden, of Northeast, Md., 1000 acres of timber rights in Cecil County, Md. The timber will be cut into 100,000 railroad ties, 10,000 telegraph poles, 5,000,000 feet of white and chestnut oak, and an immense amount of pulp wood, tan bark, etc.

Samuel Powell, one of the men injured in the terrific explosion at the Treadwell works, Lebanon, died at the Good Samaritan Hospital. He was 26 years old and is survived by a wife and child. Cyrus Miller, injured at the same time, cannot recover, but it is expected that the lives of the other injured men will be saved.

Reports from various parts of Clarion county all indicate that the crops will be the heaviest for several years, with the exception of the apple crop, which is a failure.

Falling from a wagon, Jonas H. Oyler, of Bendersville, was injured on his arm and blood poison developed, causing his death.

A severe electrical storm played havoc throughout Lehigh County, uprooting trees and striking barns at several places. The lighting set fire to the timberland along the Lehigh Mountains, near Mertztown.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Company's "Weekly Review of Trade" says:

"Trade reports are less uniformly favorable, but adverse factors are of a temporary nature, and the net results for the week is satisfactory.

"Numerous strikes have occurred, exerting the customary pernicious influence over business, and the epidemic of yellow fever is restricting Southern trade. On the other hand, thermal conditions have facilitated retail trade, crop prospects have greatly improved, and out-of-town buyers are numerous in all the leading markets.

"Iron furnaces and steel mills make progress, but less rapidly. Lumber mills and dealers are having an exceptionally busy season. Railway earnings in July were 7.4 per cent. greater than in the same month last year.

"Little change has occurred in the financial situation, rates ruling easy, while prices of securities have risen close to the highest point on record.

"Recovery in the iron and steel industry comes more slowly than was anticipated, yet there are numerous indications of a better tone.

"Raw materials of the footwear industry continue strong, hides commanding the highest position since the Civil War and showing no indication of reaction.

"Failures this week numbered 222 in the United States, compared with 222 a year ago, and 19 in Canada, against 33 last year."

Bradstreet's says:

"Wheat, including flour, exports for the week are 865,002 bushels, against 1,041,666 last week, 1,281,399 this week last year, 3,413,191 in 1903, and 4,591,805 in 1902. Corn exports for the week are 1,152,441 bushels, against 1,013,675 last week, 695,222 a year ago, 707,387 in 1903, and 93,423 in 1902."

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore, Md.—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged; receipts, 11,868 barrels; exports, 298 barrels.

WHEAT—Easier; spot, contract, 83@83¼; spot No. 2 Western, 84¼@84½, August, 83@83¼; September, 83½@83¾; December, 86¼@86⅝; steamer No. 2 red, 77@77¼; receipts, 70,267 bushels; new Southern by sample, 50@81; new Southern on grade, 79@84½.

CORN—Easier; spot, 60@60¼; August, 60@60¼; September, 59½@59¾; year, 49½@49¾; January, 49@49⅓; steamer mixed, 57½@57¾; receipts, 16,045 bushels; Southern white corn, 56@60; Southern yellow corn, 59@63½.

OATS—Unsettled; old No. 2 white, 34½@34¾; old No. 2 mixed, 31½@31¾; receipts, 19,035 bushels.

RYE—Steady (uptown); No. 2 Western, 65@66.

HAY—Easier; old No. 1 timothy, 15.00@15.50; old No. 1 clover mixed 12.00@12.50.

BUTTER—Steady, unchanged; fancy imitation, 17@18; fancy creamery, 21½@22; fancy ladle, 16@17; store-packed 14@15.

EGGS—Firm, 18.

CHEESE—Firm, unchanged; large 11½; medium, 11¾; small, 12.

SUGAR—Firm, unchanged; coarse granulated, 5.45; fine, 5.45.

New York.—RYE—Dull; No. 2 Western, 71 asked c. i f. New York.

WHEAT—Receipts, 2,000 bushels. Spot, easy; No. 2 red, 88 elevator; No. 2 red, 89½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 1.15¼ f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Receipts, 58,125 bushels; exports, 139,904 bushels. Spot, easy; No. 2, 61¼ elevator and 61¼ f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 61½; No. 2 white, 62.

OATS—Receipts, 33,000 bushels; exports, 1,095 bushels. Spot market, quiet; mixed oats, 26 to 32 pounds, 32½@33; natural white, 30 to 32 pounds, 35@36½; clipped white, 36 to 40 pounds, 37@39.

BUTTER—Easier; receipts, 9,466; street price, extra creamery, 21½@21¾; official prices unchanged.

CHEESE—Quiet, unchanged; receipts, 1,171; weekly exports, 2,020 boxes.

EGGS—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 5,499.

POULTRY—Alive, quiet; Western chickens, 14; fowls, 13; turkeys, 13; dressed, easy; Western chickens, 14@16; fowls, 14; turkeys, 13@17.

RYE FLOUR—Steady; fair to good, 4.15@4.50; choice to fancy, 4.50@4.85.

CORNMEAL—Steady; fine white and yellow, 1.30; coarse, 1.16@1.18; kiln-dried, 3.20.

HAY—Firm; shipping, 60@65; good to choice 85@90.

HIDES—Firm; Galveston, 20; California, 19; Texas, dry, 18½.

POTATOES—Easy; Long Island, 1.62@1.75; Southern, 1.00@1.50; Jersey sweets, 2.25@2.75.

PEANUTS—Quiet; fancy hand-picked, 5@5¼; other domestic, 3@5½.

CABBAGE—Easy; Long Island, per 100, 5.00@6.00.

Live Stock.

New York—BEEVES—Dressed beef, slow at 7@9. Exports, 930 head beeves and 6,600 quarters of beef.

CALVES—No trading of importance; feeling steady; city dressed veals, slow at 8@12; country dressed, steady at 9@10½.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep dull and 15@25c. lower; good lambs, about steady; common and medium moving more freely at a decline of 25@35c. About all sold. Sheep sold at 3.00@4.50; culls, 2.50; lambs, 5.75@7.40; dressed mutton, weak at 6½@9; dressed lambs, lower at 8@11½.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Market, steady; good to prime steers, 5.25@5.90; poor to medium, 3.75@5.00; stockers and feeders, 2.25@4.25; cows, 2.40@4.60; heifers, 2.25@5.00; canners, 1.25@2.40; bulls, 2.40@4.00; calves, 3.00@7.00; Texas-fed steers, 3.60@4.75.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

The "labor mafia" in Chicago has sent a death notice to Robert Noren, treasurer of the Chicago Federation of Labor

Official statistics show that the area sown with wheat in Great Britain is 1,375,284 acres, the smallest area ever recorded.

Persia has asked Russia to send sugar experts to examine the possibility of the cultivation of beet root in Persia, and of the establishment of refineries there. A Russian commission will accordingly leave for Persia at the end of August.

NO JOKE TO BE A GIANT.

Things of Comfort for Ordinary Men Are Uncomfortable for Him.

George Auger, the giant from Cardiff, Wales, is a freak who will testify to the drawbacks of the life he leads. In his own words, "It's no joke to be a giant." Auger is only 23 years of age, yet he has attained a height of 7 feet 8 inches and a weight of 320 pounds. His great size is a constant trouble to him.

When he stops for the night at a hotel it is necessary for the management to see that three beds are placed side by side in his room, so that when he retires he may be able to rest by stretching his huge frame across them. All doors are too low for him and unless he constantly has in mind the fact that he must bend before he enters a room he receives a stinging blow as a reminder and his headgear suffers considerable damage. It is said that he spoils three hats every month in this way.

Then, too, his bulk is so unwieldy that he can not ride in a cab with any degree of comfort, and is forced to patronize the trolley. He is obliged, however, to remain on the platform, because it is so difficult for him to squeeze through the door. He has to be careful about what chairs and sofas he sits upon, for fear they will give away beneath his weight.

All of Mr. Auger's clothes must be made to order. His gloves must be No. 15 and made large enough to cover hands measuring ten inches from wrists to finger tips and five inches across.—Leslie's Weekly.

The Bachelor's Hard Lot.

It is hard to be a bachelor in America. The President abuses you in a few well-chosen words. The women of the country hold a congress and debate upon you. Even the Senate joins in the fray. Senator Beveridge, through the medium of a Philadelphia paper, has been telling the bachelor what he thinks of him. President Roosevelt chastised the unhappy man with whips, but the Senator takes to scorpions. "You are nobody," says he, genially, "if you are merely an individual. Both Nature and society have use for you only as one of a pair. If your arm is not strong enough to protect a wife, and your shoulders not broad enough to carry aloft your children in a sort of grand gladness, you are really not worth while." This doubtless is so. And yet the fathers whom one occasionaly meets in the street carrying aloft their children do not seem to be feeling a very grand gladness. That probably is their mistake. When Presidents and Senators puff matrimony like this, we realize how much valuable exhortation we lose by making a bachelor our Premier.—London Telegraph.

Importance in Dotting "I."

Because John C. Seiter, postmaster at Fern, Cal., neglected to dot the "i" in his name, the postoffice department at Washington declined to honor his requisition for office supplies until the omission was rectified. The blank was returned to Seiter, who dotted the "i" and then returned the paper to Washington. The supplies came in time, considerably delayed by the department's insistence. The patrons of the Fern postoffice were unable to purchase stamps for two weeks because the postmaster neglected to dot the little letter "i." Seiter has been postmaster for ten years and this was the first time he ever had a blank returned to him for correction.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Cat Takes Hen's Nest.

Finding her nest invaded, a bantam hen, owned by George Old's children, raised the echoes and the sleepers in that vicinity this morning.

An investigation revealed the fact that a cat with a litter of kittens had taken possession of the nest and retained it despite the racket raised by the chickens. The hen's patience finally became exhausted, and in she marched and took a reserved seat on the cat's back. She laid her egg and then left the feline family in possession of the den.

While the hen was trying to oust the cat the din was terrific.—St. Augustine Record.

Gathering of Vegetarians.

The London vegetarian association held their annual dinner the other night. Members of almost every sect of vegetarianism were present. There were Wallaceites, who will not eat salt or bread made with yeast; Haigites, who are forbidden peas and beans, and Allinsonites, to whom tea is poison. The chef was set a difficult task, but he acquitted himself with distinction, and only the extremists grumbled.

LOST 72 POUNDS.

Was Fast Drifting Into the Fatal Stages of Kidney Sickness.

Dr. Melvin M. Page, Page Optical Co., Erie, Pa., writes: "Taking too many iced drinks in New York in 1895 sent me home with a terrible attack of kidney trouble. I had acute congestion, sharp pain in the back, headaches and attacks of dizziness. My eyes gave out, and with the languor and sleeplessness of the disease upon me I wasted from 194 to 122 pounds. At the time I started using Doan's Kidney Pills an abscess was forming on my right kidney. The trouble was quickly checked, however, and the treatment cured me, so that I have been well since 1896 and weigh 188 pounds."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

THE TURN OF LIFE

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare for It. Two Relate their Experience.

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain.

When her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

These symptoms are all just so many calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried thousands of women safely through this crisis.

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge.

Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I had been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the Change of Life. My womb was badly swollen; my stomach was sore; I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

"I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me and I have passed safely through the Change of Life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chestertown, Md.

Another Woman's Case.

"During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the womb. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared.

"I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Lizzie Hinkle, Salem, Ind.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for any woman at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Corpulent Man's Protest.

The most corpulent man in all Fort Fairfield, Me., lay back in the shade of a friendly maple and momentarily forgot to wonder why clothes are necessary. He tackled a kindred subject, however: "Did you ever stop to think what a range of temperature we got in this climate? It moves from—55 in February to 115 in July. That gives you a difference of 170 degrees and there are but 180 between freezing and boiling."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There is a village in Wales which bears the name of Nowhere.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The Japanese "Hello!" at the telephone is "Moshi Moshi!" or "Ano ne!"

"I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has a equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Japanese chopsticks are delivered to the guest in a decorated envelope.

Yellow Fever and Malaria Germs

Are instantly killed by the use of six drops of Sloan's Liniment on a teaspoonful of sugar. It is also an excellent antiseptic.

Prisoners of war are never spared in Morocco; they are beheaded.

RAW ITCHING ECZEMA

Blotches on Hands, Ears and Ankles For Three Years—Instant Relief and Speedy Cure by Cuticura.

"Thanks to Cuticura I am now rid of that fearful pest, weeping eczema, for the first time in three years. It first appeared on my hand, a little pimple, growing into several blotches, and then on my ears and ankles. They were exceedingly painful, itching, and always raw. After the first day's treatment with Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, there was very little of the burning and itching, and the cure now seems to be complete. (Signed) S. B. Hege, Passenger Agent B. & O. R. R., Washington, D. C."

800 Carp in a Cabbage Patch.

Eight hundred carp in a cabbage patch will give a slight idea of the number of these fish in Canandaigua lake. The connection may not at first be plain, but it must be understood that the lake and the cabbage patch are adjacent.

Thomas Raferty, who owns a farm on the east shore of Canandaigua lake, about three miles from the village, went out to his cabbage patch the other day and found it covered with dead and dying carp, some of them of 10 to 15 pounds weight.

They had invaded the land during the high water of Sunday, and had been left stranded by the receding waters.

Raferty didn't consider this a piece of good luck. He could not get rid of the fish all alone, and soon his neighbors came to him with loud complaints and threats to have him indicted for maintaining a nuisance.

Finally he called on the village board of health for aid. There were more than 800 of the fish.—New York Sun.

The word "billion" in England means a million millions.

There are practically no illiterates in Norway.

Buckwheat is a corruption of "beechwheat."

CONSTIPATION

"For over nine years I suffered with chronic constipation and during this time I had to take an injection of warm water once every 24 hours before I could have an action on my bowels. Happily I tried Cascarets, and today I am a well man. During the nine years before I used Cascarets I suffered untold misery with internal piles. Thanks to you I am free from all that this morning. You can use this in behalf of suffering humanity."
B. F. Fisher, Roanoke, Ill.

Best for The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 603
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES
For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.
Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.
THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

ROANOKE COLLEGE FOR YOUNG WOMEN,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
A Select and Limited College for the Higher Education of Women. 24 Teachers and Officers—ALL SPECIALISTS. Last year the most successful in history of Institution. Ideal home surroundings. Rates low for advantages offered. Send for Catalogue.
R. E. HATTON, A. M., PH. D. President.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining room, sleeping room and all places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 30c. HAROLD SOMERS, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks solicited.

25 CTS. **PISO'S CURE FOR** CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. **CONSUMPTION** 25 CTS.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS
N U 34

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning.

Reformed—No services until further notice.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning ; Tusseyville, afternoon ; Georges Valley, evening.

Evangelical—Lemont, morning ; Linden Hall, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

In Jeopardy.

Grandma's worried,
Papa's pale ;
Mother's at a
Bargain sale.

The tramp he always asked for pie
Wherever he did stop.
The farmer's wife gave him an ax,
Said, "Won't you have a chop?"

Farmers' Institutes.

Philipsburg, November 28-29.
Pleasant Gap, November 30.
Rebersburg, December 1-2.

Granulated Sugar—6c.

Granulated sugar, in two and five pound packages, at six cents per pound—C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

Bell Will Build to Woodward.

The Bell people are netting the lower end of Penns and Brush Valleys, their latest move is to build a line to Woodward. Seven phones have already been signed for, and several more will be added when the line is built.

A Contemptible Act.

Some villain, who ought to be run down, and probably will be, for the good of the farmers generally, entered a field on the farm of David Lovett, near Caldwell, in which a fine seven-months' old heifer was pasturing, and slaughtered the animal right on the spot. It is believed that the carcass was taken to Lock Haven and sold.

Murdered by His Wife.

William Troup, of Chicago, was murdered by his wife, a short time ago, at their home in that city. The murdered man was the son of Frank Troup, of Milroy, at which place the remains of the unfortunate man were recently interred. William Troup was a soldier in the Spanish-American war and also did service in the Philippines. The woman was of southern birth. Before the fatal shot the couple quarreled.

The Platt-Barber Case.

Fuller investigation of the books of the Platt-Barber Company, of Philipsburg, discloses the condition of affairs in connection with the case of alleged embezzlement against John G. Platt, the former secretary-treasurer, who was arrested on July 29.

At that time it was stated that the alleged defalcation would amount to $100,000. Now it is claimed that the sum will exceed that amount by far, and may run up to anywhere between $150,000 and $200,000.

Special Trains for Encampment.

Special trains will be run on account of the Encampment and Fair at Grange Park, Centre Hall, September 16th to 22nd, leaving Bellefonte Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 10 a. m. and 6.30 p. m., stopping at intermediate stations. Also leaving Grange Park for Bellefonte on the same days at 9.45 p. m.

Special trains to Coburn and all intermediate stations, leaving Grange Park at 7.30 p. m. on Wednesday and Thursday.

Keith's Theatre.

At Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, this week: First appearance in that theatre of Dan Sherman and Mabel De Forest, in a nonsensical burlesque, entitled "The Fall of Port Arthur," one of the funniest comedy acts in vaudeville; a European novelty sensation, Ballatzer Sisters, "Queens of the Flying Rings"; Josephine Gassman and her funny pickaninnies; Jane Courthope & Co., "A Fisherman's Luck"; Wm. Cahill, "The Man From Ireland"; Le Roy & La Vanion, comic bar performers and knockabout artists; Mirzl Von Wenzl, Tyrolean singer from the Winter Garten, Berlin; Bootblack quartette, Jack & Bertha Rich, Alpha trio, Georgia Galvin.

Reduced Rates to Philipsburg.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the meeting of the Central Pennsylvania Firemen's Association, at Philipsburg, Pa., August 24 and 25, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Philipsburg on August 23, 24, and 25, good to return until August 26, inclusive, from all stations on the Middle Division and Branches; the Tyrone Division and Branches; Harrisburg, Fassett, and intermediate stations; Millersburg, Lykens, and intermediate stations; Sunbury, Mt. Carmel, and intermediate stations, and from stations on the Eastern and Lewistown Divisions of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, at reduced rates.

For Parade Day, August 25, Excursion tickets will be sold from above-named points, good going or returning only on August 25, at rate of single fare for round trip; minimum rate twenty-five cents.

For specific rates consult ticket agents.

MET HIS MATCH.

Frank Blomster Turns an Infuriated Steer on Its Back—A Position that Demanded Immediate Action.

In an open field with no avenue of escape, Frank Blomster found himself in a position that demanded immediate action, the other afternoon. The conditions were these: An infuriated steer in a large field; Blomster ducking viscious assaults; a dozen spectators, each of whom had had a similar experience up to this point.

One tires of anything, Blomster says; tires of being made the butt of a joke, even when cracked by a steer in a bad humor. After repeatedly ducking the most viscious lunges of this beast, a critical moment was arriving. With no fence or trees to scale, the situation presented was a serious one, and it was a case of necessity rather than bravery that impelled the forced gladiator to grapple his antagonist.

There was an apparent armistice, the distance between the living catapult and the six-foot Swede was widening, but it was only to strengthen its position that the four-footed, bellowing beast backed, for on it came with increased speed, and with a bound it made a fearful lunge at its enemy. Quick as a flash a strong hand grabbed the extended nostrils of the brute, there was a mixture of Swede and steer for a moment, but at the finish the steer lay on its back and Blomster sat on its head. The animal was then roped and led away to the slaughter house.

Great Grangers' Picnic.

The 32nd Annual Great Grangers' Picnic Exhibition will be held at Williams' Grove, August 28 to Sept. 2, 1905. This is undoubtedly the largest and finest display of farm machinery held in the east. The beauty of the exhibit is that so much of it is running. Saw Mills, Shingle Mills, Threshing Machinery, Traction Engines and Ensilage Cutters galore are all shown in operation. A splendid Stock exhibit is promised. The auditorium will be attractive as usual. During the day addresses by leading Grangers and Agriculturists. Tuesday and Wednesday evenings illustrated lectures by Frank R. Roberson. Thursday and Friday evenings musical and literary entertainments by the best of Chautauqua talent. Major R. H. Hendershot and Son the most wonderful drummers and fifers in the world. Everything first class. Tickets good from August 23rd to September 6th, at low rates on all railroads. Consult your nearest ticket agent.

Pennsylvania R. R. Maintains Schedule.

During the month of July the Pennsylvania Special arrived in Chicago exactly on the minute of its schedule every day. The eastbound Pennsylvania Special arrived in New York on schedule time twenty-three days, says the New York Tribune. The average detention on seven days was less than ten minutes, due entirely to conditions for which the train crew could not be held responsible. The greatest breach in the schedule was on July 14, when the Special was held up behind a freight wreck, which blocked all four tracks on the Middle Division, entailing a loss of two hours and twenty-two minutes in the regular arriving time at New York.

It is difficult to find a match for this record. It demonstrates that the schedule has sufficient elasticity to take up any ordinary detentions which may occur between termini, and that even a faster regular schedule may be made should it be deemed wise. The fine condition of the roadbed, the efficient motive power, and skillful operation contribute to the ease with which the Special accomplishes its work.

The Farmers and the Grange Fair.

Every farmer should feel it a duty to contribute some product of his industry to the success of the Grange Fair, at Centre Hall, Sept. 16-22.

It should be the duty of every farmer to impress upon his mind at this season of the year the importance of preserving and bringing together for exhibition the choicest productions of orchard, farm, garden and vineyard, so that farmers may incite one another to the highest achievements in their calling. If every farmer will only bring a few meritorious articles it will make the Penns Valley fair a wonderful success.

Do not depend on others to fill up the fair, but bring any meritorious production you may have — apples, pears, plums, peaches, grapes, potatoes, cabbage, beets and vegetables of all kinds; wheat, rye, oats, barley and corn; clover, timothy and other grass seeds; horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry.

Ample building accommodations for all; let every farmer join, helping to make this the best and greatest fair ever held at Grange Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Nevin A. Auman, Dr. John A. Hardenburgh, of Millheim, and Miss May V. Geary, of Sunbury, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Geary, in Centre Hall, Sunday. Mr. Auman is a grocer and shipper of produce. He estimates that he shipped between eight and ten thousand quarts of huckleberries this season. He is also buying and shipping potatoes.

Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.

LOCALS.

The Free Library, Grange Arcadia, will be open to the public Saturday evening from 7 to 8 o'clock.

Did you ever see a sawmill saw a sawlog in the sea? and did it saw before you saw it, or did you see it before it sawed?

Misses Flo Duck and Rena Shires, of Spring Mills, were brief callers at the Reporter office Thursday of last week. Miss Duck will return to St. Louis, in a short time, and resume teaching in the public schools of that city.

While most of the men who were in Centre Hall Thursday of last week were "odd fellows," it doesn't follow that the ladies were odd-looking. For fear the reader will not discover it, let it be mentioned here that this is a joke.

J. Wes Foreman is another of the South side farmers to report rapid threshing by the Harshbarger machine. While at Mr. Foreman's barn recently ninety-four bushels were threshed in seventy-five minutes, including a brief stop.

The Lewistown Democrat and Sentinel published this personal: Mrs. James Osman and two daughters, of Lemont; G. H. Osman and wife, of Jersey Shore, and O. H. Osman, of Snow Shoe, are visiting at the home of Mrs. George Threlkeld.

W. A. Fleisher, accompanied by his sisters, Mrs. E. C. Gettig and Miss Myrtle Fleisher, of Pitcairn, arrived in Centre Hall Saturday afternoon for a two week's stay at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fleisher, near Colyer. Mr. Fleisher is engaged in car building.

Miss Rebecca Johnson, of Beaver, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Mary Ross, in Centre Hall. This is her first visit to Centre Hall in twenty-five years, and she finds quite a change in both people and town since that time. Miss Johnson's parents, many years ago, were residents of this valley.

Dr. H. S. Braucht, of Spring Mills, last week, attended a meeting of physicians at Lakemont Park, Altoona. The purpose of the gathering was to organize a Medical Association of the Fifteenth Censorial District. The territory embraces the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Blair and Cameron counties.

Mrs. Joseph Heckart, (nee Miss Carrie Tibbens,) accompanied by her little daughter, of Morganza, and niece, Miss Silva Zubler, of Spring Mills, favored the Reporter with a call. The Heckarts recently moved from Canonsburg to Morganza, where Mr. Heckart is employed as a florist at the Morganza Reformatory. In another column will be noticed the death of Mr. and Mrs. Heckart's little son.

Roland C. Faust, accompanied by his wife and family, beginning of this week returned to their home in Juniata, where Mr. Faust is employed. The Faust family spent the time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bitner, near Potters Mills, who are Mrs. Faust's parents. The Reporter was favored with a call from the Juniata gentleman, and since he has been entitled to a six—that inevitable six.

Everybody's has not fallen behind its summer issues in the excellence of its fiction, which is contributed this month by such noted authors Maxium Gorky, the distinguished young Russian novelist and revolutionist, who has written "The Song of the Falcon," and by G. B. Lancaster, the writer of New Zealand stories, who contributes a wonderful study of Maori boyhood, "The Story of Wi."

Aged Mrs. Joseph Kustaborder, after an absence of almost sixty years, is now visiting relatives in Centre county, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Frank Kline and husband, of Ottwood, Illinois. The elder Kustaborder immigrated to the far West almost sixty years ago in wagons, enduring the hardships of that early day and locating on the plains of Nebraska. A few years later Mr. Kustaborder was murdered by the redskins leaving his wife with a family of small children to eke out an existence in the wilds of the woolly West. The old dame, now past four score years, is brim full of wild western stories and relates many thrilling adventures among the Indians as well as the wild beasts that roamed over the prairies. Thomas Kustaborder, of State College, is the only one now living of the once numerous family so well known in Penns valley.

Letter to Weber Brothers.

Centre Hall, Pa.

Dear Sir: The Trustees of Fair Ground, Cobleskill, N. Y, were to pay 15 cents a gallon more for Devoe; and no wonder. Two other paint agents said it would take 150 gallons of their paint to cover the buildings.

Our agent put it at 125 or less. It took 115.

We saved them 35 gallons of paint and painting (worth $4 to $5 a gallon, as the painting costs or two three times much as the paint) less 15 cents a gallon on 115 gallons. Say $140.

That's how to count the cost of paint. The cost of putting it on is $3 or $4 a gallon. You see what that means. Go by Devoe.

Yours truly

F. W. DEVOE & CO.
New York.

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NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION.

Low-rate Vacation Trips via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The remaining dates of the popular Pennsylvania Railroad Company tenday excursions to Niagara Falls from Washington and Baltimore are September 8 and 22, and October 13. On these dates the special train will leave Lock Haven 3.08 p. m., arriving at Niagara Falls at 9 35 p. m.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $7.80 from Altoona; $7.40 from Tyrone; $6 45 from Bellefonte, and at proportionate rates from principal points. A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo within limit of ticket returning.

The special trains of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion running through to Niagara Falls. An extra charge will be made for parlor-car seats.

An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

For descriptive pamphlet, time of connecting trains, and further information, apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Jas. A. Beaver, et. al., to Harry Klinger, Aug. 3, 1905, lot in Rush twp. $50.

Jas. T. Shillingford, et. ux., to John Sopina, Aug. 7, 1905, lot in Rush twp. $25.

L. H. Woodring, et. bar., to Steward Weston, Aug. 2, 1902, 3 acres in Worth twp. $50.

Robt. Thompson, et. ux., to Edward Bryan, Aug. 12, 1905, 1 acre, 52 perches in Taylor twp. $25.

Susan Killian, et. al., to Martha S. Farner, June 30, 1905, two lots in Potter twp. $250.

Jacob Steele's heirs to Elizabeth Crotzer, June 24, 1905, 40 acres, 134 perches in Benner twp. $100.

Mary W. Linn to Geo. W. Steele, July 13, 1905, 69 acres, 154 perches in Huston twp. $550.

Jas. A. Beaver, trustee, et. al., to William Hoffman, Aug. 3, 1905, lot in Rush twp. $50.

Jas. H. Holmes, et. ux., to Hamill Holmes, Aug. 7, 1905, lot in Ferguson twp. $100.

A Warning to Mothers.

Too much care cannot be used with small children during the hot weather of the summer months to guard against bowel troubles. As a rule it is only necessary to give the child a dose of castor oil to correct any disorder of the bowels. Do not use any substitute, but give the old-fashioned castor oil, and see that it is fresh, as rancid oil nauseates and has a tendency to gripe. If this does not check the bowels give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and then a dose of castor oil, and the disease may be checked in its incipiency and all danger avoided. The castor oil and this remedy should be procured at once and kept ready for instant use as soon as the first indication of any bowel trouble appears. This is the most successful treatment known and may be relied upon with implicit confidence even in cases of cholera infantum. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

FOR SALE—The undersigned offer for sale five fine Jersey Heifers. Will be fresh soon. Price, $35.
SHOOK BROTHERS,
Spring Mills, Pa.

PUMP REPAIRING—The undersigned is prepared to repair all styles of pumps, etc. Prompt attention will be given this work.
J. S. ROWE,
Centre Hall, Pa.

GASOLINE ENGINE FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale an eighteen-horse-power gasoline engine and water tank, Lambert type. This engine and tank are in good condition and were used up to the time that steam power was substituted. Reason for change was that double the power was needed owing to the addition of machinery. The outfit will be sold at a bargain. Call on or write to
J. H. AND S. E. WEBER,
Centre Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—In the matter of the estate of Sarah L. Fisher, late of Gregg township, deceased, letters testamentary cum testamento annexo, upon said estate having been granted by the register of wills, etc., to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
CHAS. W. FISHER,
Administrator c. t. a.,
Penn Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of David Glasgow, late of Haines twp., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. D. S. GLASGOW, Administrator,
June 1, 1905 Tusseyville, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Mary Waugh, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
JAS. P. GROVE, Administrator,
W. Harrison Walker, Spring Mills, Pa.
Attorney, Bellefonte.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale a house and lot, on Main street, Centre Hall. The house is two story, and well located.
For further particulars call on W. B. Mingle, Centre Hall.
(o. 22) D. OLIE STOVER,
Beres, Ohio.

THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low-down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to
H. D. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

Come

To the Cash Store with your cash, eggs, butter, or other farm products and buy more goods with the same money than you can elsewhere. This is made possible by our paying highest market prices for produce and marking our goods lower than the Credit Stores can afford. Some one must always pay for the goods put out by Credit Stores on time. It is you, Mr. Customer, who helps pay this, or the merchant would go to "the wall."

Our Fall stock is coming in now and we invite you to come early and see what we have for Fall and Winter.

SUMMER GOODS AT LOWEST CUT PRICES

We quote but one article here as an indicator of what we are doing.

3 Cans Fine Whole Peas - - - 20c

TERMS—Strictly Cash or Produce.

RIPKA'S CASH STORE
OPPOSITE HOTEL - - - SPRING MILLS

NEW STORE: NEW GOODS

POTTERS MILLS, PA.

Monday, August 14, was the formal opening day for this New Store.

You are invited to call and examine the stock of Goods, which embraces a complete line of

MEN'S CLOTHING
NOTIONS and GROCERIES

Which are being offered at bottom prices.

Highest prices paid for Produce.

TERMS—Strictly Cash or its Equal in Produce . .

W. H. BLAUSER, PROP.

THE BEST SHOES

MID-SUMMER
REDUCTION SALE OF SHOES

The greatest offer we ever made at the beginning of the season because We Need The Money. Now is the time when summer goods are in demand and we are offering—Ladies', Misses' and Children's White, Black, Tan and other colors in Oxford and Low Shoes. Also, Men's, and Boys' Black and Tan Oxfords at cost and less for cash. We have a special offer in Stetson Oxfords for Men. Remember this is a sale of Low Shoes and a splendid chance for buyers. Sale now on.

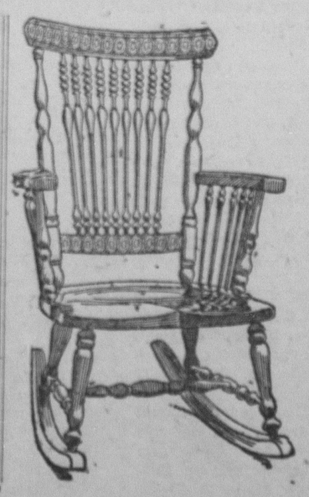
YEAGER & DAVIS
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THE SHOE MONEY - SAVERS

YEAGER & DAVIS

Get a Good ROCKER

As everyone in the world gets tired at some time or other, we have decided to give everybody who will take it a rest, for a small outlay, by selling Rockers
AT REDUCED RATES

$7 Rocker for $5
$1.75 Rocker $1.40
Double Rockers for $4.50



Rearick Bros. Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors . . .

CENTRE HALL